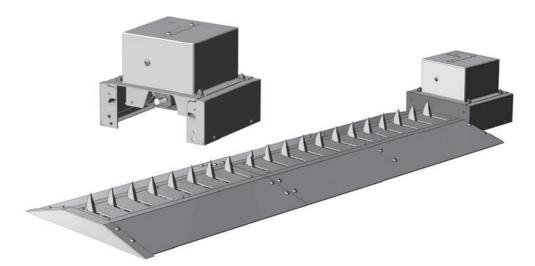
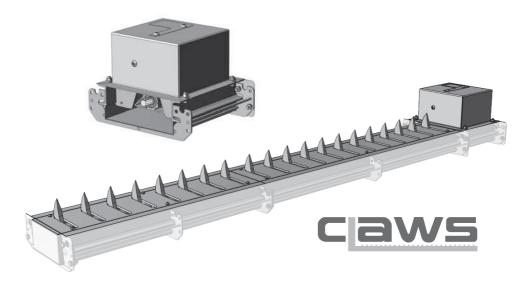
### **CLAWS - INDEPENDENT DRIVE INSTALLATION MANUAL**







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### **Company Profile**



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#### Icons used in this manual



This icon indicates tips and other information that could be useful during the installation.



This icon indicates warning, caution or attention! Please take special note of critical aspects that MUST be adhered to in order to prevent injury.



This icon denotes variations and other aspects that should be considered during installation.



This icon indicates areas where mechanical crushing may occur

# **IMPORTANT** SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

١

### ATTENTION

To ensure the safety of people and possessions, it is important that you read all the following instructions.

Incorrect installation or incorrect use of the product may cause serious harm to people and / or property.

The installer, being either professional or DIY, is the last person on the site who can ensure that the operator is safely installed, and that the whole system can be operated safely.

#### Warnings for the installer

## CAREFULLY READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS before beginning to install the product.

- All installation, repair, and service work to this product must be done by a suitably qualified person
- Do not activate the **CLAWS** unless you can see them and can determine that the **CLAWS** are clear of people, pets, vehicles or any obstructions
- Nothing must be placed, and nobody must be near the trench covers at any time. Always keep people and objects away from the spikes' area of travel
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with or around the spikes and trench cover
- This device is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety
- Secure all easily-accessed CLAWS controls in order to prevent unauthorised use
- Do not in any way modify the components of the automated system
- Do not install the equipment in an explosive atmosphere. The presence of flammable gas or fumes is a serious danger to safety
- Before attempting any work on the system, cut electrical power and disconnect the batteries
- The mains power supply of the automated system must be fitted with an all-pole switch with contact opening distance of 3mm or greater. Use of a 5A thermal breaker with all-pole circuit break is recommended
- Make sure that an earth leakage circuit breaker with a threshold of 30mA is fitted upstream of the system
- Never short-circuit the battery and do not try to recharge the batteries with power supply units other than that supplied with the product, or manufactured by Centurion Systems (Pty) Ltd

- Make sure that the earthing system is correctly constructed, and that all metal parts of the system are suitably earthed
- Safety devices must be fitted to the installation to guard against mechanical movement risks such as crushing, dragging and shearing
- It is recommended that at least one warning indicator light be fitted to every system
- Always fit a warning sign visibly to the inside and outside of the entrance and exit
- The installer must explain and demonstrate the manual operation of the system in case of an emergency, and must hand the User Guide and Safety Instructions over to the end-user
- Explain these safety instructions to all persons authorised to use the system, and be sure that they understand the hazards associated with the system
- Do not leave packing materials (plastic, polystyrene, etc.) within reach of children as such materials are potential sources of danger
- Dispose of all waste products like packaging materials, worn-out batteries, etc. according to local regulations
- Always check the obstruction detection system and safety devices for correct operation
- Neither Centurion Systems (Pty) Ltd, nor its subsidiaries, accepts any liability caused by improper use of the product, or for use other than that for which the automated system was intended
- This product was designed and built strictly for the use indicated in this documentation. Any other use, not expressly indicated here, could compromise the service life/operation of the product and/or be a source of danger
- Everything not expressly specified in these instructions is not permitted



### **1.** General Description

**CLAWS** barrier spikes are designed to enhance the security at the entrance to highvolume application. They provide a formidable deterrent to would-be criminals and due to their robust construction they are very difficult to defeat.

Clever modular design allows the **CLAWS** to be ordered ex-stock and can be configured into a variety of different lengths. The orientation of the spikes can also be easily changed depending on the direction of the traffic flow. Their external limit switches allow for safe operation of the system.

**CLAWS** are easy to install and use a standard SECTOR controller and a standard SECTOR gearbox, saving you time and reducing your spares inventory. They boast all-weather construction and have been designed to allow for all moving parts to be removed easily for quick and easy maintenance.

**CLAWS** also provide onboard support for a traffic light interface, and the Independent Drive **CLAWS** models have variable speed control and multiple Modes of Operation. The **CLAWS** Independent Drive system has its own drive mechanism and controller, and can work independently of traffic barriers, etc. It is available in both Flush Mount and Surface Mount variants.

The Flush Mount models are ideal for installations that require seamless access control for smooth-flowing traffic, whereas the Surface Mount models are mounted above the general surface of the roadway and create a traffic-calming bump for a safer access control point.

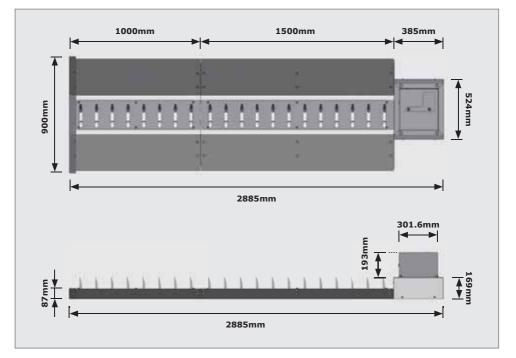
### 2. Product Specifications

#### 2.1. Technical Specifications

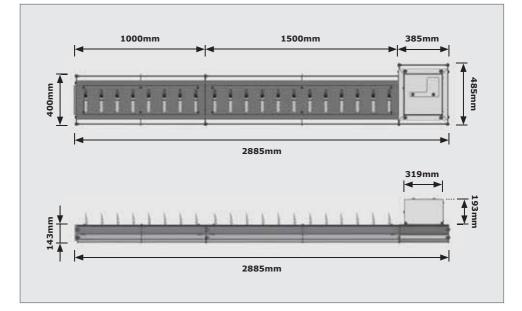
Input Voltage220V AC +/-10% @ 50Hz1Motor Voltage12V DCCurrent DrawBattery-driven2 - 2A chargerWiring RequirementsBattery-driven2 - 2A chargerSpike Modules - Available lengths1 metre and 1.5 metre
Current Draw       Wiring Requirements       Battery-driven <sup>2</sup> - 2A charger
Wiring Requirements         Battery-driven <sup>2</sup> - 2A charger
Spike Modules - Available lengths 1 metre and 1.5 metre
Spikes raise / lower time 1.2 sec
Daily operations - Max         As per co-installed SECTOR II
Daily Operations - Mains present         As per co-installed SECTOR II
Anti-corrosion - Main chassis Hot dip galvanised Mild Steel
Spike material         85mm Mild Steel, electroplated and powder-coated
Maximum allowable axel weight 4000kg
Onboard receiver specificationsCENTURION code-hopping, multichannel 433MHz with 500 remote control button storage capacity

### 2.2. Product Dimensions

#### 2.2.1. Surface Mount

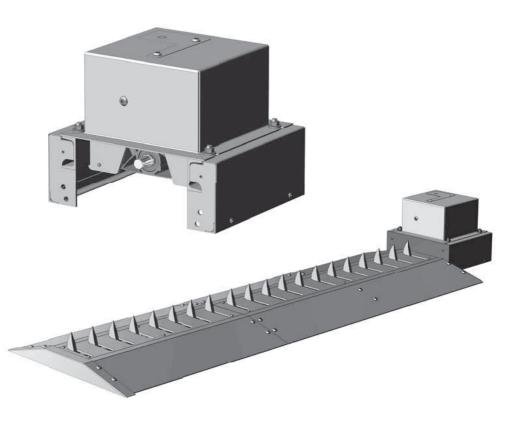






### INDEPENDENT DRIVE SURFACE MOUNT INSTALLATIONS







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### **3. Product Identification**

	The similar direction of travel illustrated
<ol> <li>Boom pole</li> <li>Spikes module assembly</li> <li>Ramp plates</li> <li>Trench cover plate</li> </ol>	<ul><li>FIGURE 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION</li><li>5. Spikes</li><li>6. Drive linkage assembly</li><li>7. SECTOR II</li></ul>
	Module Frame
	Linkage Frame
	Sandwich Plate
	Top Coupler
	Bottom Coupler
	8x20 Dowel Pin

#### **TOOLS REQUIRED**

Drive Linkage Arm
Driven Linkage Arm
Drive Link Pin
Bearing Housing
 Hold Down Bracket
Linkage End Cover
Blanking Plate
Gearbox Cover
Module End Cover

### 4. Tools Required

- 13mm,17mm, and 19mm Spanners
- Ratchet
- 19mm, and 24mm Sockets
- Allen Key Set

- Mallet
- Tape Measure
- Spirit Level
- Torque Wrench

### **5. Introduction**

This document describes the basic steps to follow when installing the surface-mountable **CLAWS** Spikes driven by an independently-powered gearbox. The installation described in this document is a 2.5 meter installation. For other installations, modules of 1.5 or 1.0 meters can be combined to achieve different widths.



The installation of the **CLAWS** Spikes requires a minimum of two persons.

#### 5.1. Installation Configurations

The surface-mountable **CLAWS** Spikes can be installed in four different configurations. The configuration is dependent on two factors:

- Orientation of installation
- Direction of spike impact

#### 5.1.1. Orientation of Installation

The orientation of installation is described as the side at which the drive linkage is installed when approaching the **CLAWS** Spikes. In other words, when driving up to the **CLAWS** Spikes, in the correct direction for traffic flow, and the drive is installed on the right-hand side of the vehicle, it's deemed a right-hand installation. And when driving up to the **CLAWS** Spikes, in the correct direction for traffic flow, and the drive is installed on the right-hand side of the vehicle, it's deemed a right-hand installation.



**FIGURE 2. RHS CONFIGURATION** 



**FIGURE 3. LHS CONFIGURATION** 

#### 5.1.2. Spike Impact Direction

The **CLAWS** Spikes are designed to take a much larger impact in one direction. Thus, the **CLAWS** Spikes can be installed to take larger or more frequent impact in one direction. In other words, the spikes can be installed to face either towards oncoming traffic (similar) or face towards traffic (opposing) trying to enter from the wrong direction or lane (Section 3, Figure 1).



**FIGURE 4. SPIKE IMPACT DIRECTION - SIMILAR** 

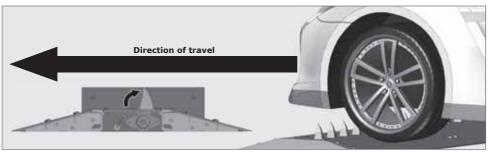
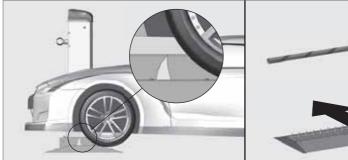


FIGURE 5. SPIKE IMPACT DIRECTION - OPPOSING

There are four types of typical installations. Refer to Section 5, Figures 2 and 3 to determine if the installation is left- or right-hand orientated. Secondly; pay attention to the spike impact direction:

- **Similar direction of travel** prevents vehicles from exiting whilst the boom pole is still down (Normal direction of traffic)
- **Opposing direction of travel** prevents vehicles entering against the flow of traffic whilst the boom pole is down



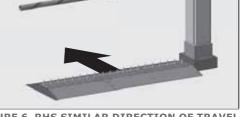


FIGURE 6. RHS SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

INTRODUCTION

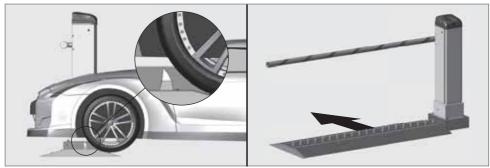
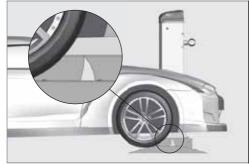
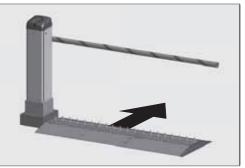


FIGURE 7. RHS OPPOSED DIRECTION OF TRAVEL





**FIGURE 8. LHS SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL** 

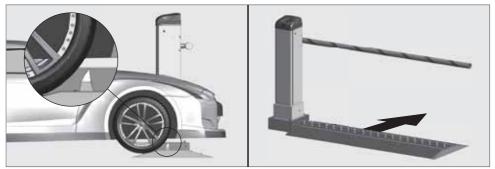
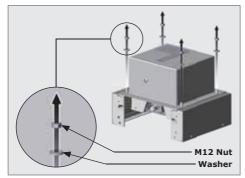
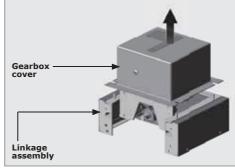


FIGURE 9. LHS OPPOSED DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

### 6. RHS Surface Mount - Similar Direction of Travel

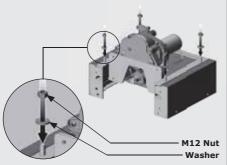
#### 6.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

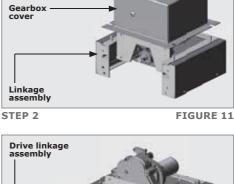




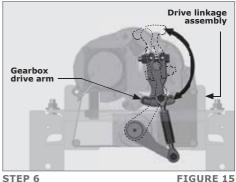
**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 10** 



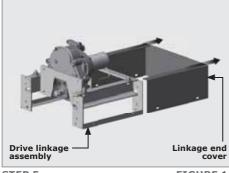


M6x20 screw **STEP 4 FIGURE 13** 



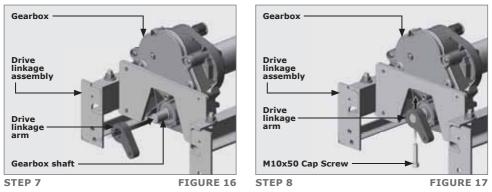
**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 12

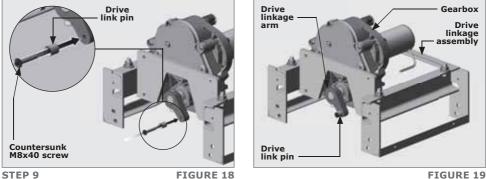


**STEP 5** 

**FIGURE 14** 



The drive linkage arm should point to a 5 o'clock position and the holes of the gearbox shaft and the linkage arm must line up as shown above.



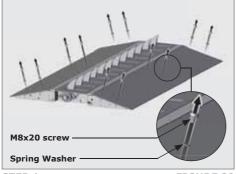
STEP 9

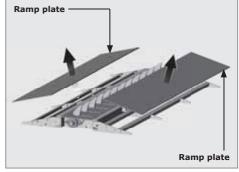


Tighten the Countersunk M8x40 screw to 20Nm (Section 6, Figure 18).

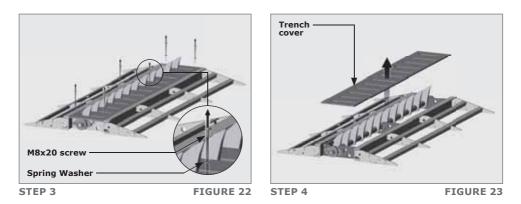
### 6.2. Spike Module Assembly

#### 6.2.1. Preparing the Spike Model assembly(ies) for installation





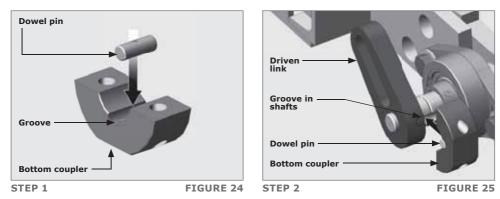
**STEP 2** 



#### 6.2.2. Attaching the Driven Link to the first spike module

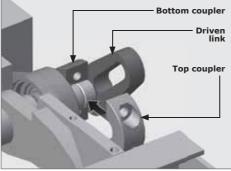


Place the spikes into the down position to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.





Ensure the Driven Link and the spikes are pointing in the same direction. (Section 6, Figures 25 to 28).



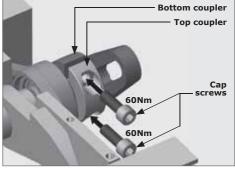
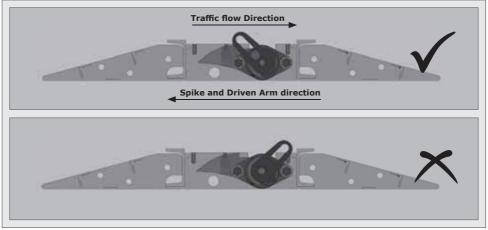


FIGURE 26

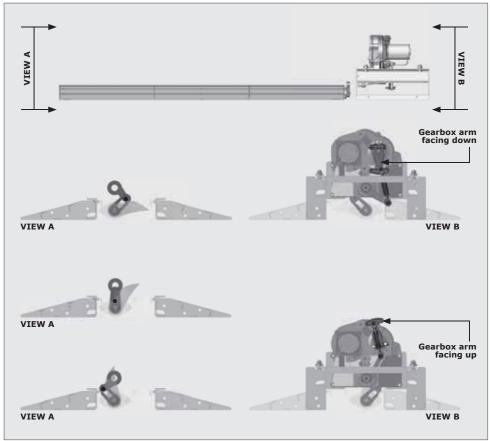
**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 27** 



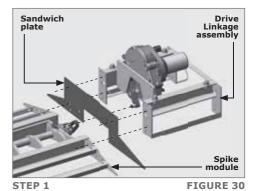
**FIGURE 28** 

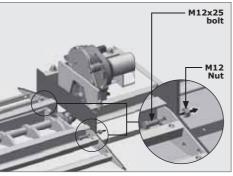
6.2.3. Aligning the Driven Linkage Arm to the Drive Linkage Arm.

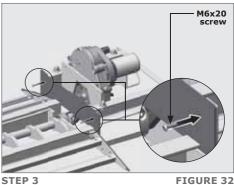


#### 6.2.4. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly. Ensure that the Sandwich Plate is lifted over the Driven Linkage Arm, so that the Driven Linkage Arm sits flush with the Drive Linkage Arm (Section 6, Figure 30).





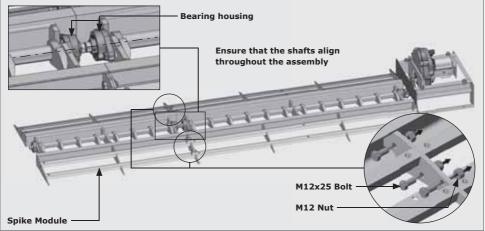


STEP 2

**FIGURE 31** 

**FIGURE 32** 

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 6, Figure 33).





**FIGURE 33** 



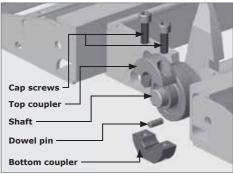
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

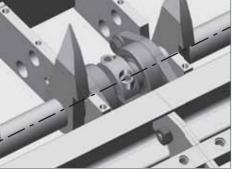
#### 6.2.5. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.



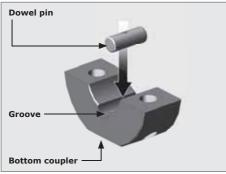


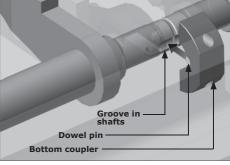
**FIGURE 34. SHAFT COUPLER** 

**FIGURE 35** 



Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



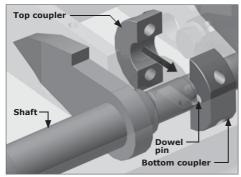


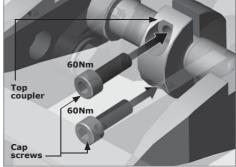
**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 36** 



**FIGURE 37** 

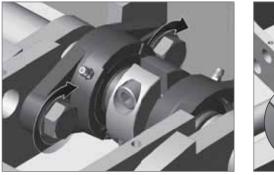


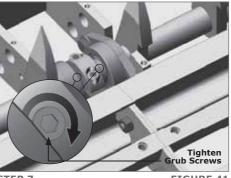


STEP 4

#### **STEP 5**

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they rotate freely.





**STEP 6** 

FIGURE 40

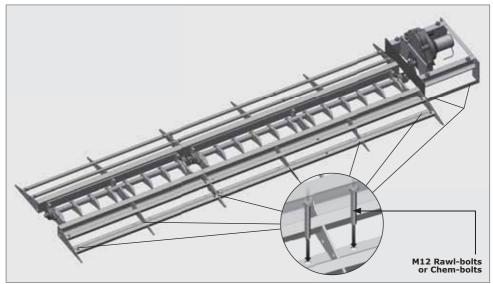
40 STEP 7

**FIGURE 41** 

#### 6.2.6. Bolting down the assembly to the ground



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be seperated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. (Section 6.4.2.) These must be done before bolting the assembly to the ground. Once this preparation work has been completed, proceed with the installation below.

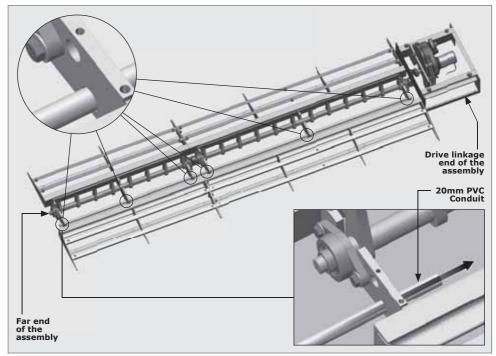


**FIGURE 42** 



It is crucial that the surface it's mounted on is a reasonably even surface as an uneven surface could result in an uneven binding of the spike shafts. This will result in premature failure.

#### 6.2.7. Proximity sensor installation

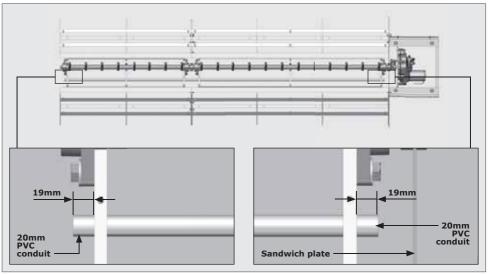


#### STEP 1

**FIGURE 43** 

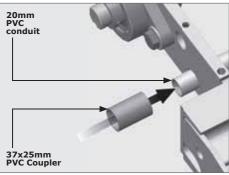


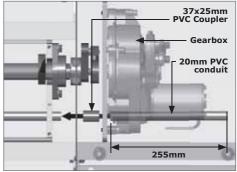
The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules and drive linkage unit combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 6, Figure 44).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.





**STEP 2** 

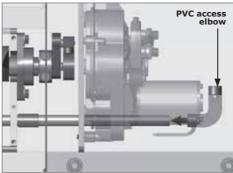
FIGURE 45

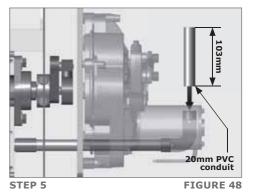
**FIGURE 46** 



Steps 4-7 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the **CLAWS** Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and proximity sensor cable will need to be dug (Section 6.4.2.).

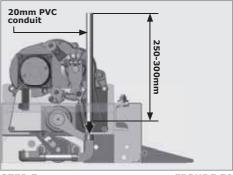
STEP 3

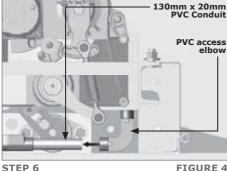




**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 47** 



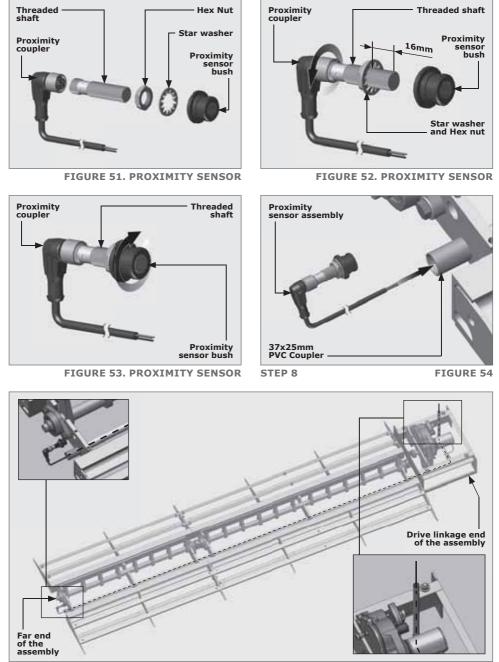




**FIGURE 50** 



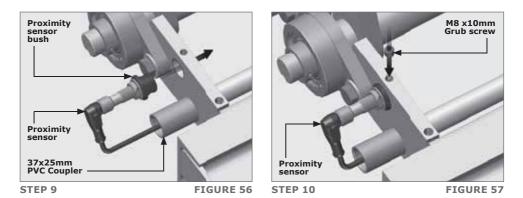
Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.



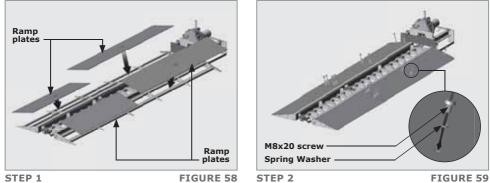
#### **FIGURE 55**



There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed to the SECTOR II at a later stage.

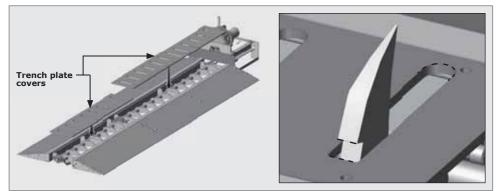


#### 6.3. Re-assembling the ramp plates and linkage cover



#### **STEP 1**

Leave out the four M8 screws and Spring Washers on the far end of the assembly as the module end cover will be assembled later.

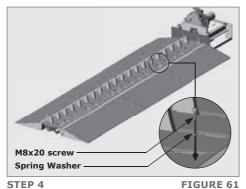


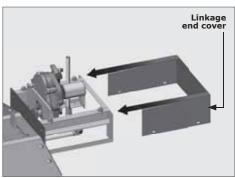
#### STEP 3

**FIGURE 60** 



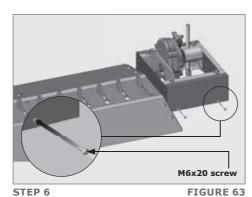
Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

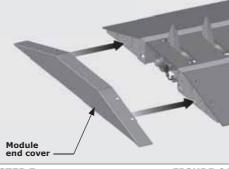




STEP 5

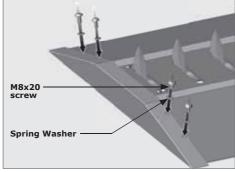
**FIGURE 62** 





STEP 7

FIGURE 64



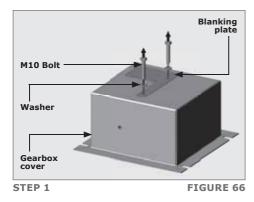
**STEP 8** 

**FIGURE 65** 

#### 6.4. Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

#### 6.4.1. Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

#### 6.4.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position



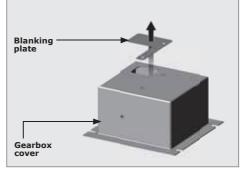
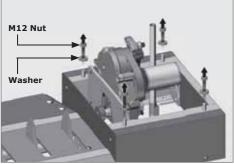


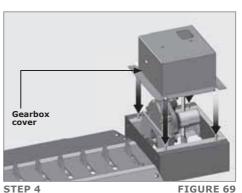


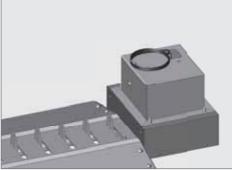
FIGURE 67



STEP 3

FIGURE 68





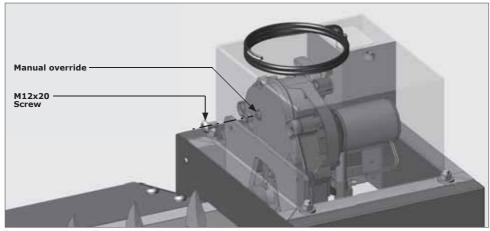
**STEP 5** 

FIGURE 70

STEP 6

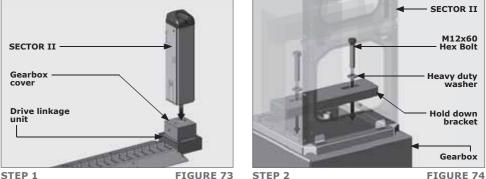
M12 Nut Washer

**FIGURE 71** 



**FIGURE 72. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

6.4.1.2. Placing the SECTOR II into position





STEP 2

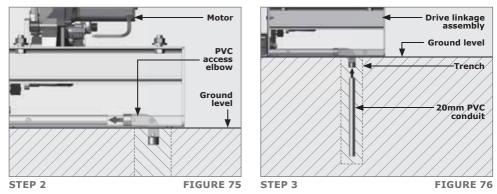
**FIGURE 74** 

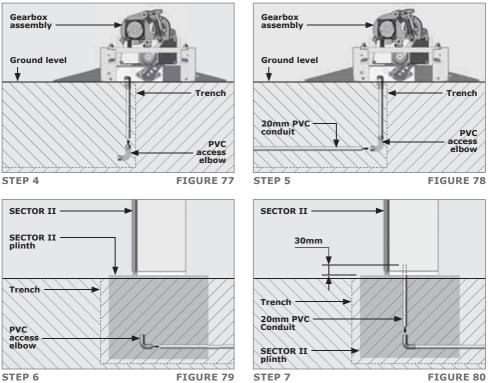


#### 6.4.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

#### **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.





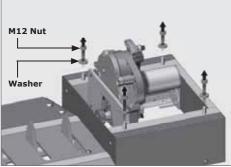
**STEP 8** 

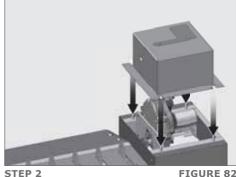
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

#### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.

#### 6.4.2.2. Placing the gearbox cover into position

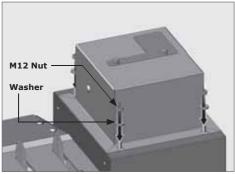


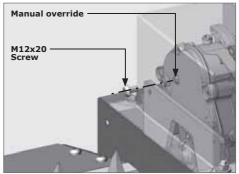


**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 81** 

**FIGURE 82** 





**STEP 3** 

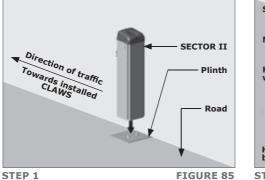
**FIGURE 83** 

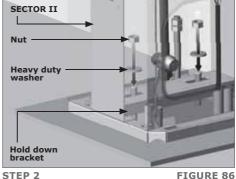
**FIGURE 84. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



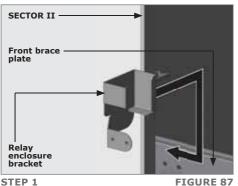
By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

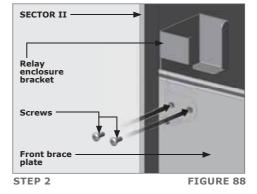
#### 6.4.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position



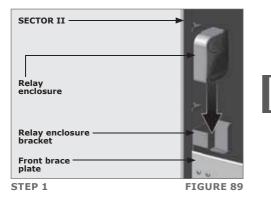








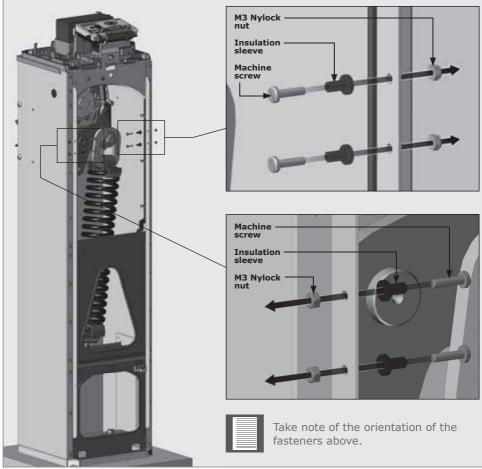
**STEP 1** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

6.4.5. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



#### STEP 2

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

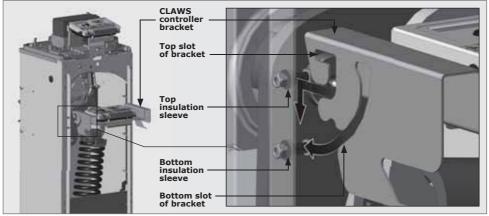
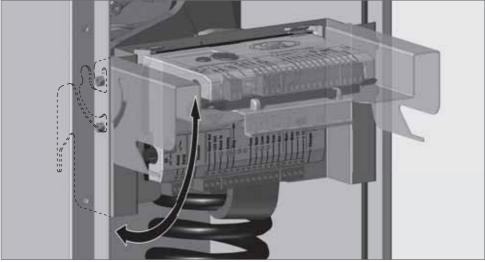


FIGURE 91



**FIGURE 92** 



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 6, Figure 93).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 6, Figure 94).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 6, Figure 91).

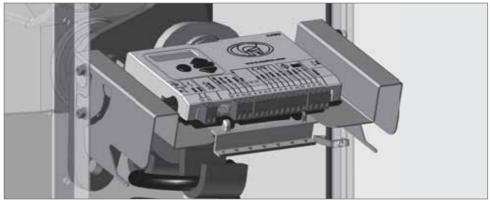


FIGURE 93. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

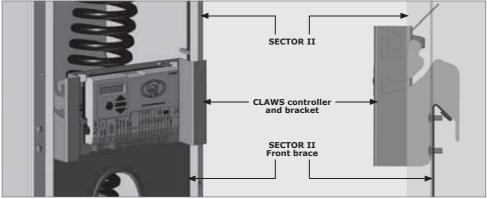


FIGURE 94. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

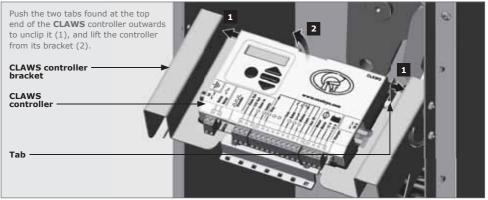


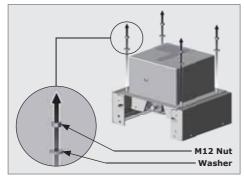
FIGURE 95. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

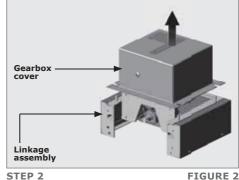
#### STEP 3

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

### 7. RHS Surface Mount - Opposing Direction of Travel

#### 7.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

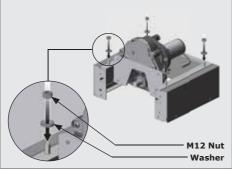


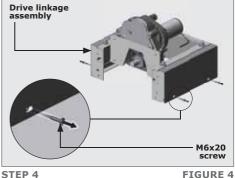


**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 1** 

**FIGURE 2** 

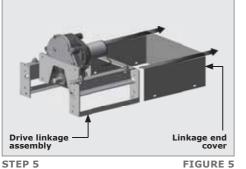




**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 3** 

Drive linkage assembly cover



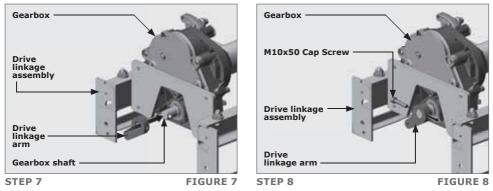


Drive linkage assembly

**STEP 6** 

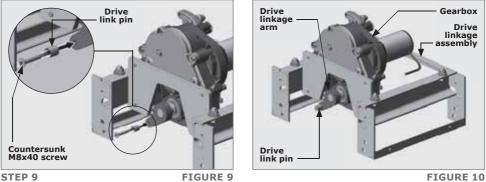
Gearbox drive arm







The drive linkage arm should point to a 7 o'clock position and the holes of the gearbox shaft and the linkage arm must line up as shown above.

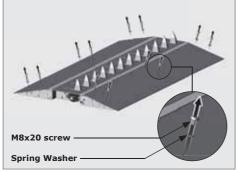


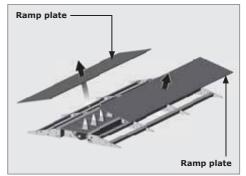


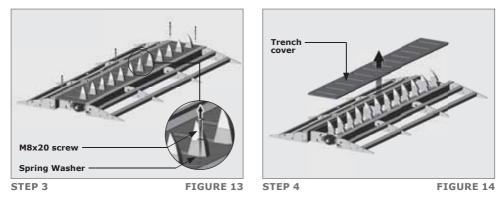
Tighten the Countersunk M8x40 screw to 20Nm (Section 7, Figure 9).

#### 7.2. Spike Module Assembly

#### 7.2.1. Preparing the Spike Model assembly(ies) for installation



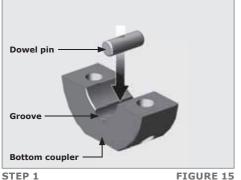


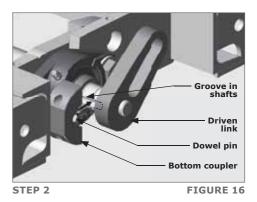


### 7.2.2. Attaching the Driven Link to the first spike module



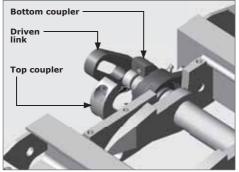
Place the spikes into the down position to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.

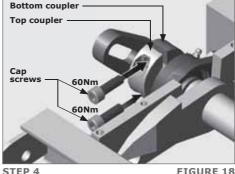




S	L	E	Р	1

Ensure the Driven Link and the spikes are pointing in the same direction. (Section 7, Figures 16 to 19).







**FIGURE 17** 

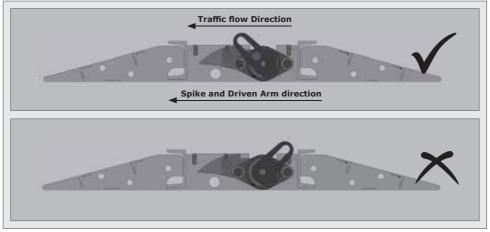
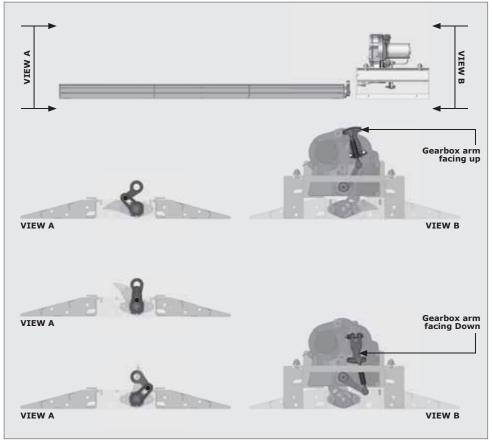


FIGURE 19

7.2.3. Aligning the Driven Linkage Arm to the Drive Linkage Arm.



## 7.2.4. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly. Ensure that the Sandwich Plate is lifted over the Driven Linkage Arm, so that the Driven Linkage Arm sits flush with the Drive Linkage Arm (Section 7, Figure 21).

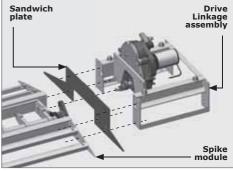
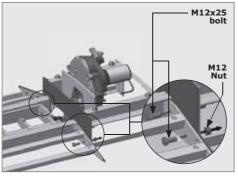
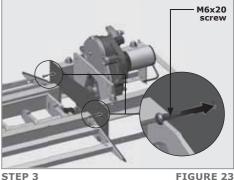




FIGURE 21



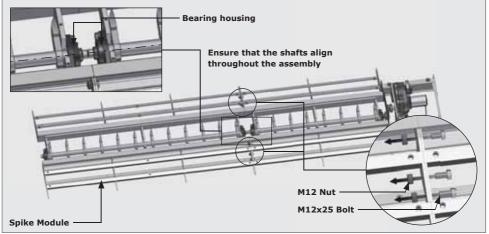


STEP 2

**FIGURE 22** 

**FIGURE 23** 

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 7, Figure 24).



STEP 4

**FIGURE 24** 



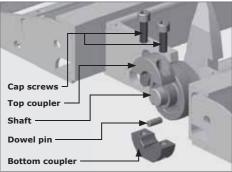
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

# 7.2.5. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.



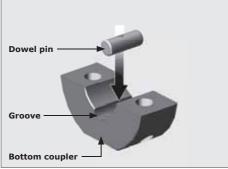


**FIGURE 25. SHAFT COUPLER** 

**FIGURE 26** 

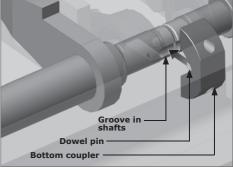


Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.

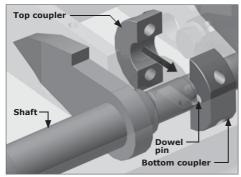


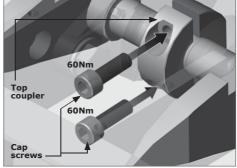
**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 27** 

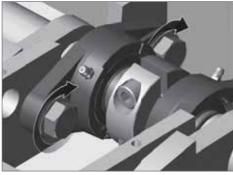


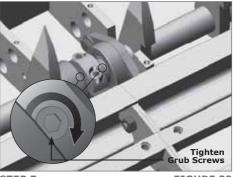






Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.





**STEP 6** 

FIGURE 31

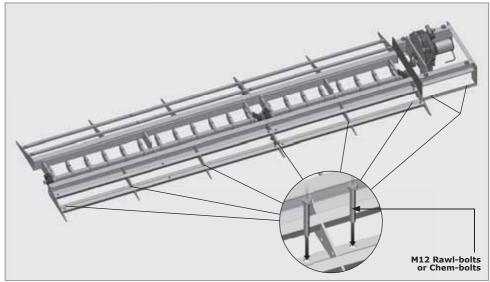
31 STEP 7

**FIGURE 32** 

## 7.2.6. Bolting down the assembly to the ground



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be seperated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. (Section 7.4.2.) These must be done before bolting the assembly to the ground. Once this preparation work has been completed, proceed with the installation below.

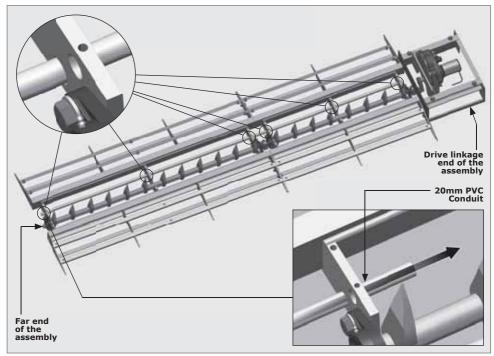


**FIGURE 33** 



It is crucial that the surface it's mounted on is a reasonably even surface as an uneven surface could result in an uneven binding of the spike shafts. This will result in premature failure.

## 7.2.7. Proximity sensor installation

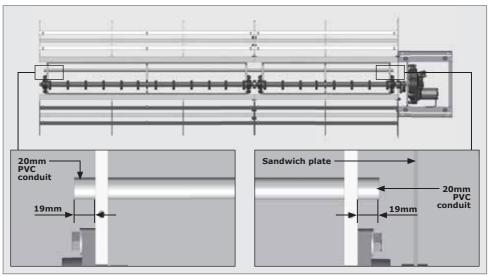


### STEP 1

**FIGURE 34** 

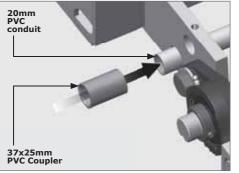


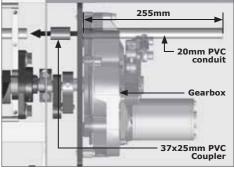
The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules and drive linkage unit combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 7, Figure 35).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.





STEP 2

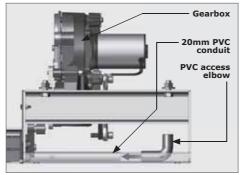
FIGURE 36

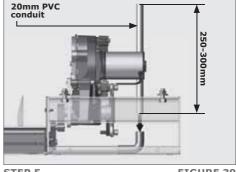
5 STEP 3

**FIGURE 37** 



Steps 4-5 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the **CLAWS** Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and proximity sensor cable will need to be dug (Section 7.4.2.).





**STEP 4** 

FIGURE 38

STEP 5

**FIGURE 39** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.

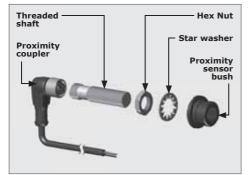


FIGURE 40. PROXIMITY SENSOR

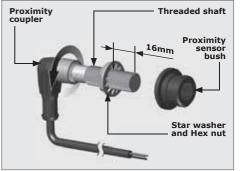
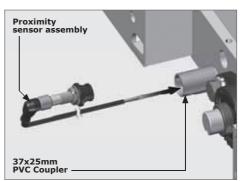


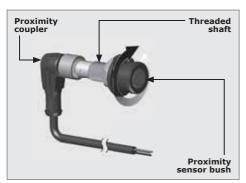
FIGURE 41. PROXIMITY SENSOR

**SECTION 7** 

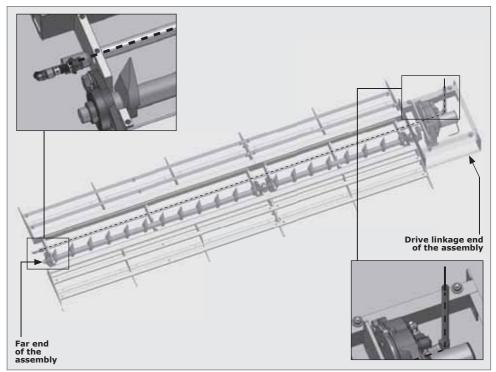




**FIGURE 43** 



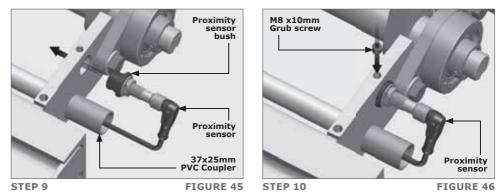
**FIGURE 42. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



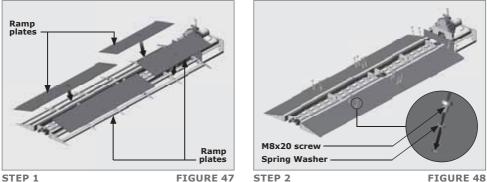
### **FIGURE 44**



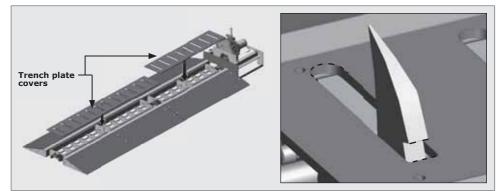
There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed to the SECTOR II at a later stage.







Leave out the four M8 screws and Spring Washers on the far end of the assembly as the module end cover will be assembled later.



### STEP 3

**FIGURE 49** 



Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

### **RHS SURFACE MOUNT - OPPOSING DIRECTION OF TRAVEL**

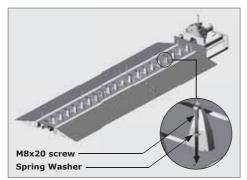
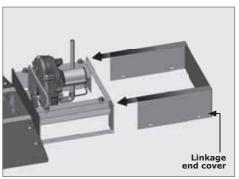


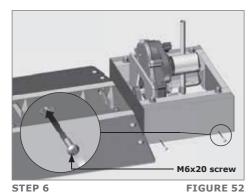


FIGURE 50



STEP 5

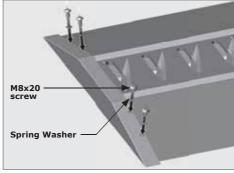
**FIGURE 51** 



Module end cover

STEP 7

**FIGURE 53** 

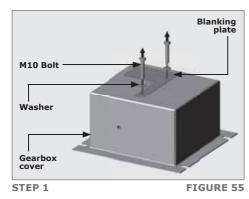


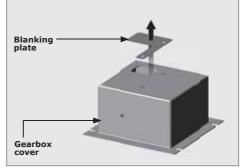
**STEP 8** 

# 7.4. Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

# 7.4.1. Directly mount the SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

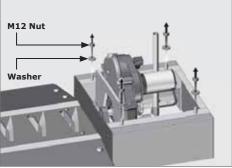
# 7.4.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

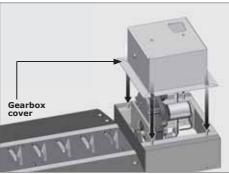






**FIGURE 56** 



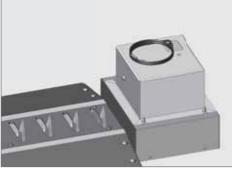


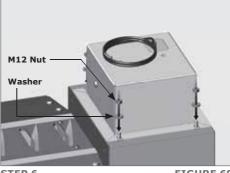
**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 57** 



**FIGURE 58** 

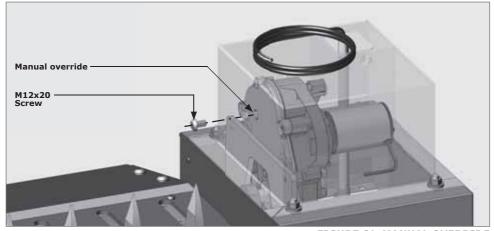






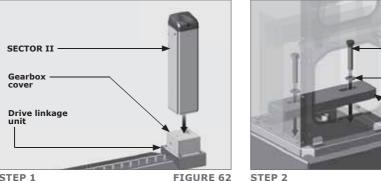
**FIGURE 60** 

**STEP 5** 



**FIGURE 61. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

7.4.1.2. Placing the SECTOR II into position



**STEP 1** 

STEP 2

Gearbox **FIGURE 63** 

SECTOR II

M12x60

Hex Bolt

Heavy duty washer

Hold down

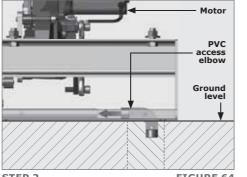
bracket

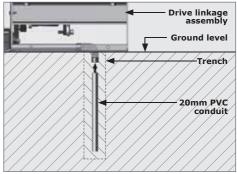
7.4.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

7.4.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

## **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.

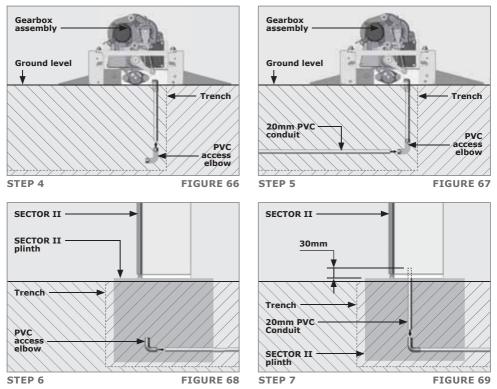




**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 64** 

**STEP 3** 

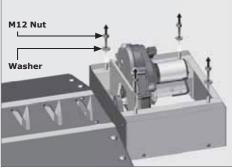


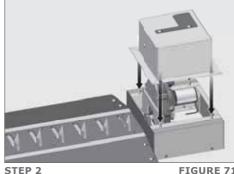
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.

## 7.4.2.2. Placing the gearbox cover into position



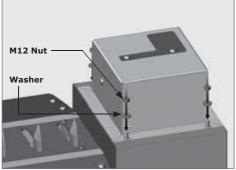


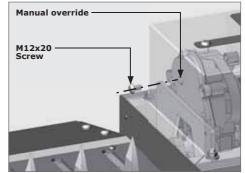
**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 70** 

**FIGURE 71** 

SECTION 7





**STEP 3** 

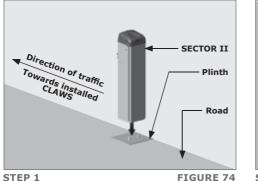
FIGURE 72

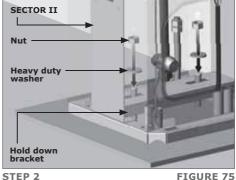
FIGURE 73. MANUAL OVERRIDE



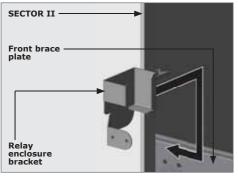
By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

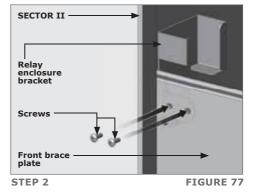
# 7.4.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position



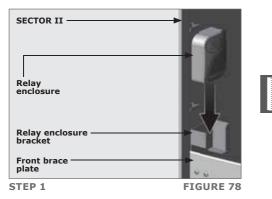








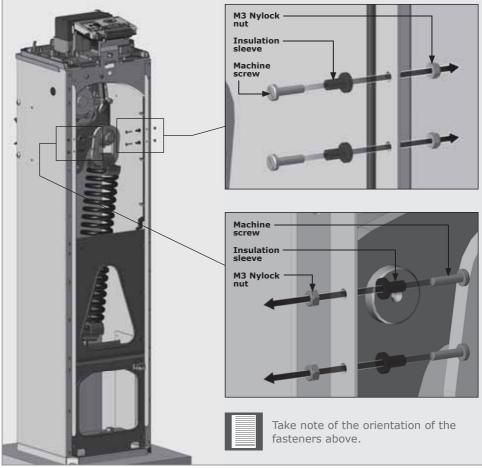
STEP 1



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

# 7.4.5. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



**STEP 1** 

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

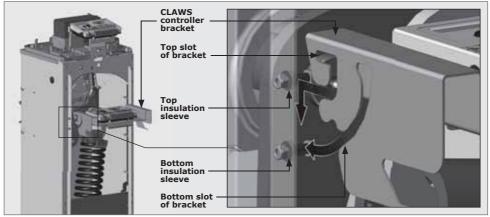
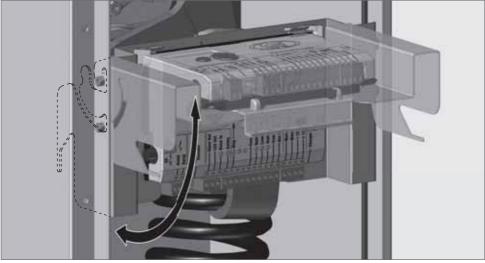


FIGURE 80



**FIGURE 81** 



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 7, Figure 82).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 7, Figure 83).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 7, Figure 80).

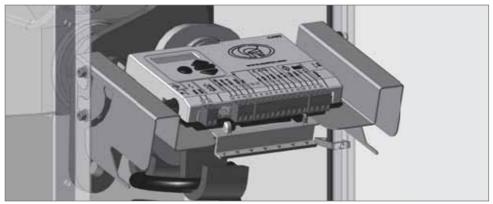


FIGURE 82. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

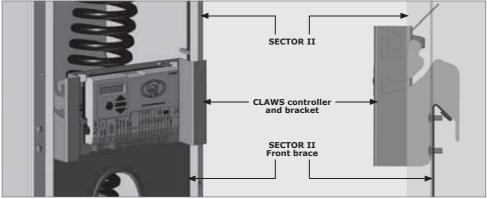


FIGURE 83. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

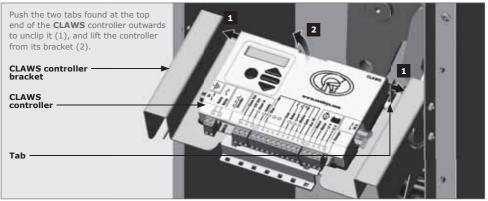


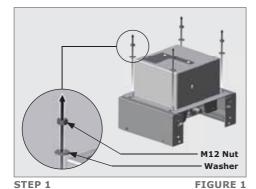
FIGURE 84. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

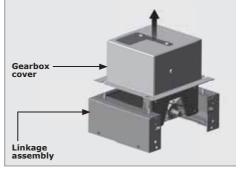
Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

Notes
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# 8. LHS Surface Mount - Similar Direction of Travel

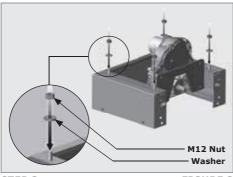
# 8.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

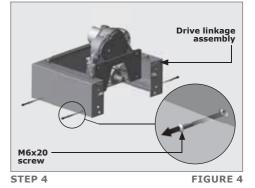




STEP 2

**FIGURE 2** 





**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 3

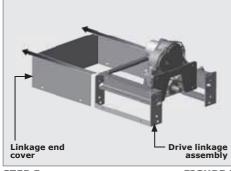




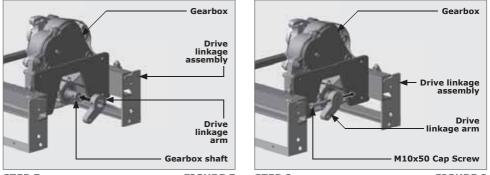
FIGURE 5

STEP 6

Gearbox drive arm

FIGURE 6

Drive linkage assembly



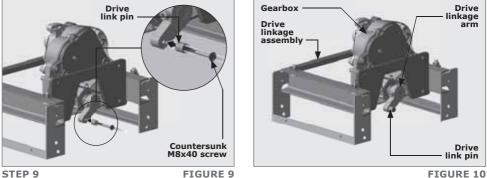
**STEP 7** 

**FIGURE 7 STEP 8** 





The drive linkage arm should point to a 7 o'clock position and the holes of the gearbox shaft and the linkage arm must line up as shown above.

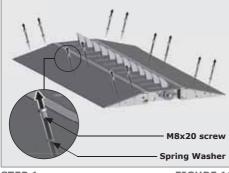


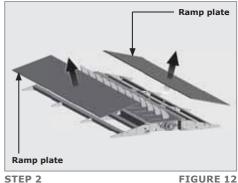


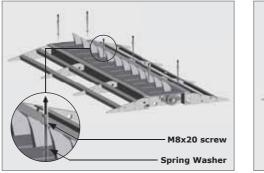
Tighten the Countersunk M8x40 screw to 20Nm (Section 8, Figure 9).

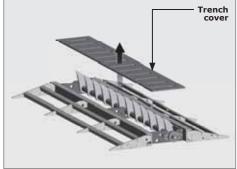
# 8.2. Spike Module Assembly

# 8.2.1. Preparing the Spike Model assembly(ies) for installation









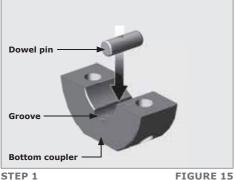
**FIGURE 13 STEP 4** 

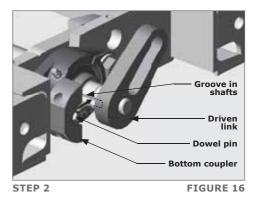


# 8.2.2. Attaching the Driven Link to the first spike module



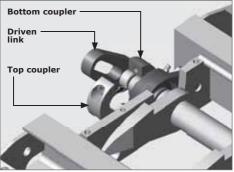
Place the spikes into the down position to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.

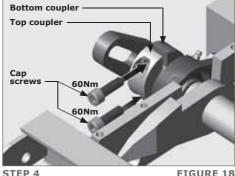




**STEP 1** 

Ensure the Driven Link and the spikes are pointing in the same direction. (Section 8, Figures 16 to 19).







**FIGURE 17** 

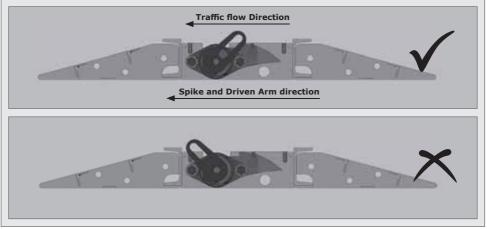
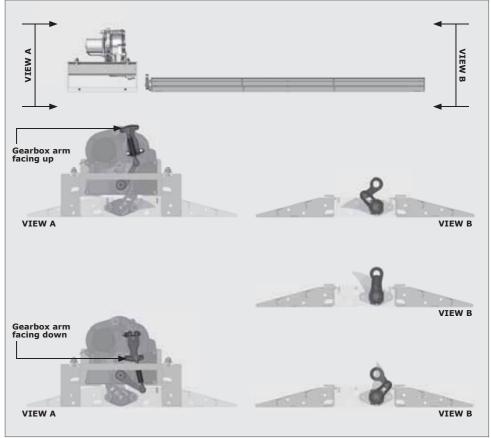


FIGURE 19

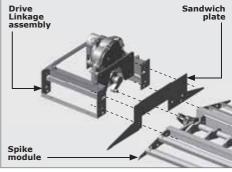
8.2.3. Aligning the Driven Linkage Arm to the Drive Linkage Arm.



# 8.2.4. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

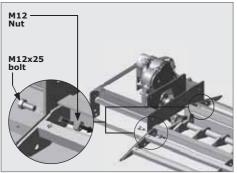


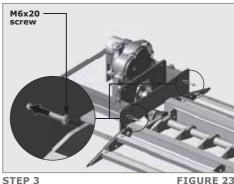
Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly. Ensure that the Sandwich Plate is lifted over the Driven Linkage Arm, so that the Driven Linkage Arm sits flush with the Drive Linkage Arm (Section 8, Figure 21).





**FIGURE 21** 



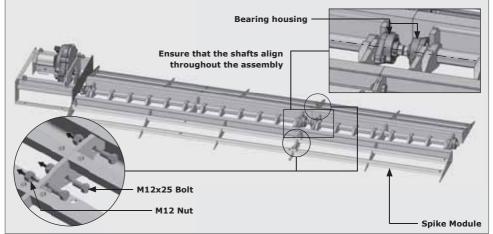


**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 22** 

**FIGURE 23** 

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 8, Figure 24).



**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 24** 



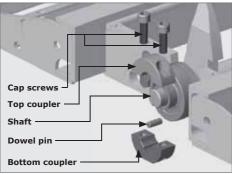
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

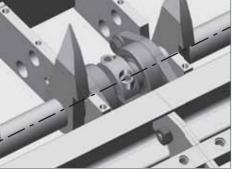
# 8.2.5. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.





**FIGURE 25. SHAFT COUPLER** 

**FIGURE 26** 



Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.

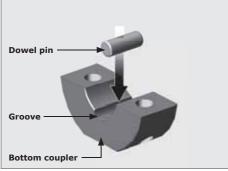
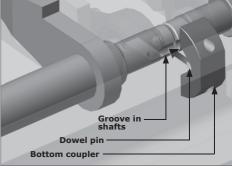


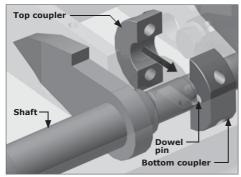


FIGURE 27





**FIGURE 28** 



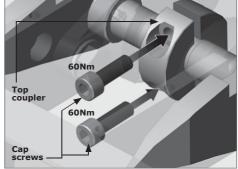
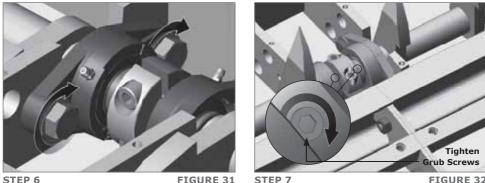


FIGURE 29

STEP 4

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.



**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 31** 

FIGURE 32

## 8.2.6. Bolting down the assembly to the ground



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be seperated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. (Section 8.4.2.) These must be done before bolting the assembly to the ground. Once this preparation work has been completed, proceed with the installation below.

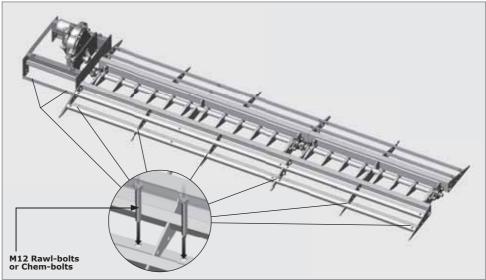
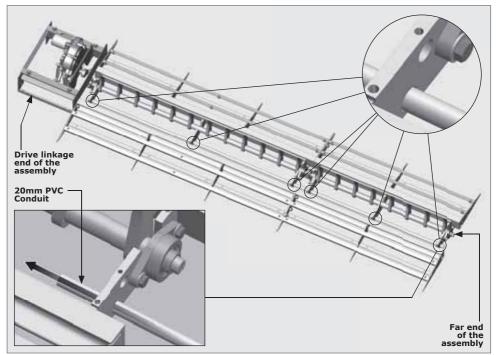


FIGURE 33



It is crucial that the surface it's mounted on is a reasonably even surface as an uneven surface could result in an uneven binding of the spike shafts. This will result in premature failure.

## 8.2.7. Proximity sensor installation

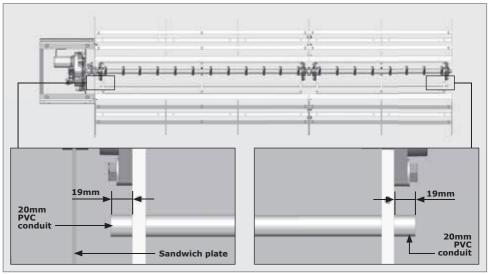


### STEP 1

**FIGURE 34** 

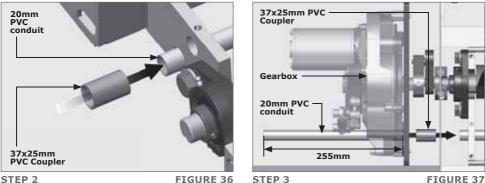


The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules and drive linkage unit combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 8, Figure 35).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.



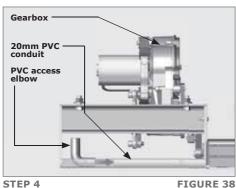
**STEP 2** 

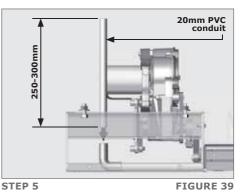
**FIGURE 36** 

**FIGURE 37** 



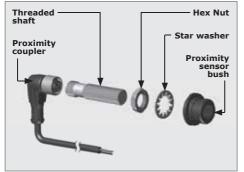
Steps 4-7 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and proximity sensor cable will need to be dug (Section 8.4.2.).

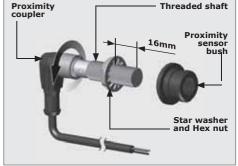




**STEP 4** 

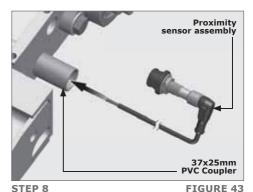
Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.





**FIGURE 40. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

**FIGURE 41. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



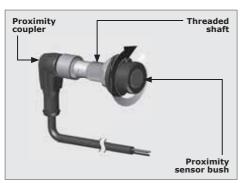


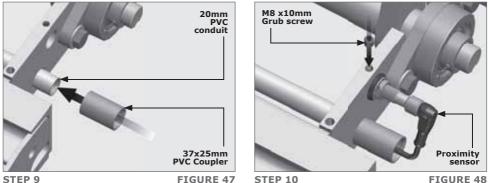
FIGURE 42. PROXIMITY SENSOR

Tive linkage end of the assembly





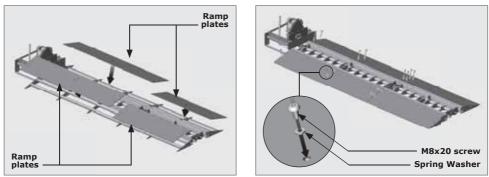
There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed to the SECTOR II at a later stage.



**FIGURE 48** 

**FIGURE 50** 



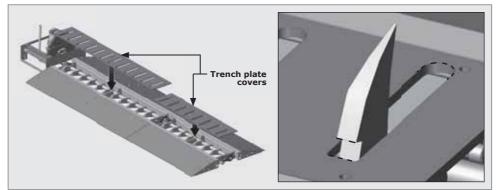


### **STEP 1**

**FIGURE 49** 

**STEP 2** 

Leave out the four M8 screws and Spring Washers on the far end of the assembly as the module end cover will be assembled later.

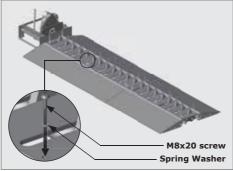


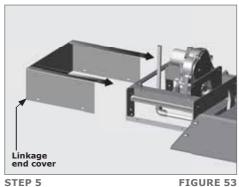
## **STEP 3**

**FIGURE 51** 



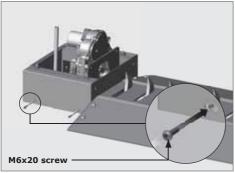
Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.





**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 52** 

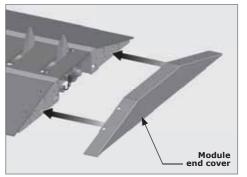


**STEP 6** 

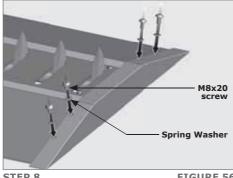
**FIGURE 54** 

STEP 7

**FIGURE 53** 



**FIGURE 55** 

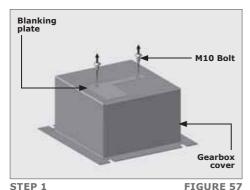


**STEP 8** 

# 8.4. Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

8.4.1. Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

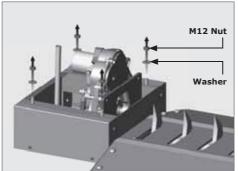
# 8.4.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

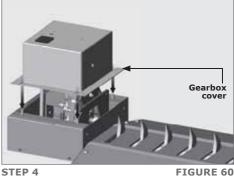


Blanking plate Gearbox cover

**STEP 2** 

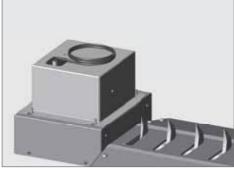
**FIGURE 58** 

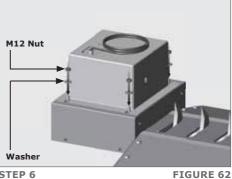




**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 59** 

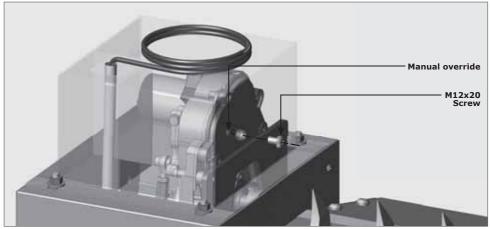




**STEP 5** 

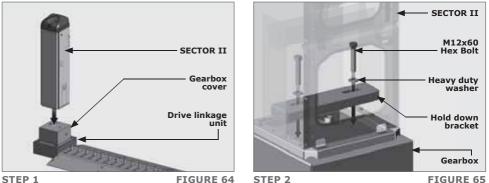
**FIGURE 61** 

**STEP 6** 



**FIGURE 63. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 





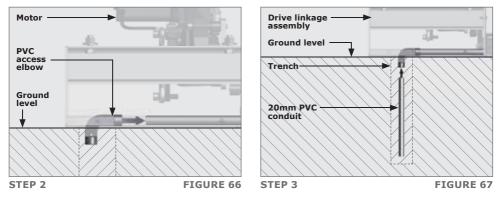
**FIGURE 65** 

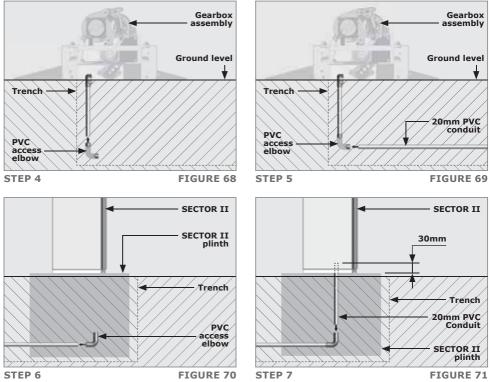
8.4.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

# 8.4.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

# **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.



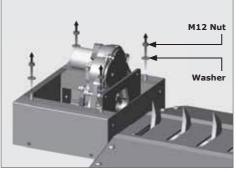


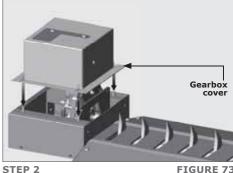
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.



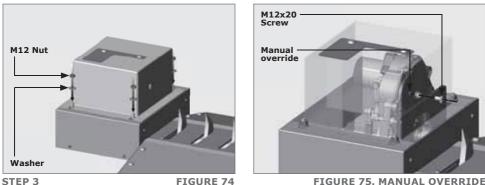




**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 72** 

**FIGURE 73** 



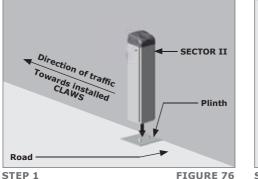
**FIGURE 74** 

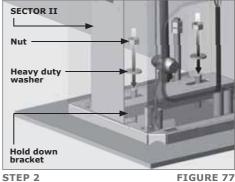
**FIGURE 75. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



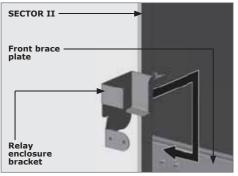
By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

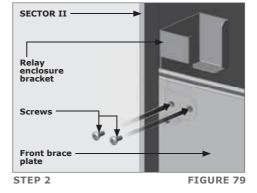
# 8.4.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position



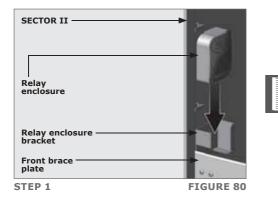


8.4.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket





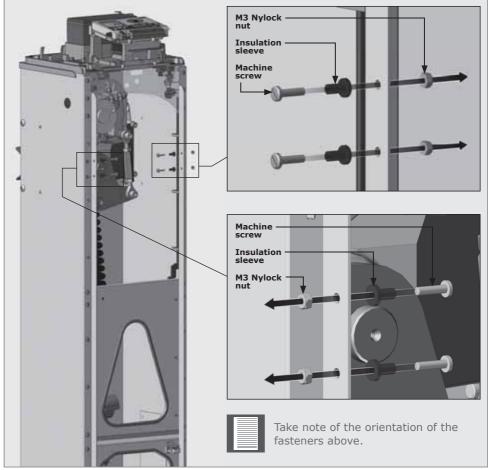
**STEP 1** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

8.4.5. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

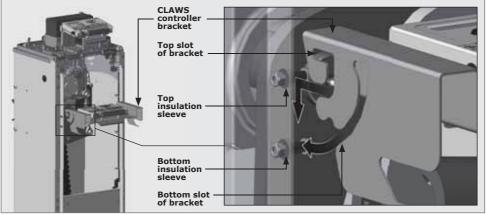
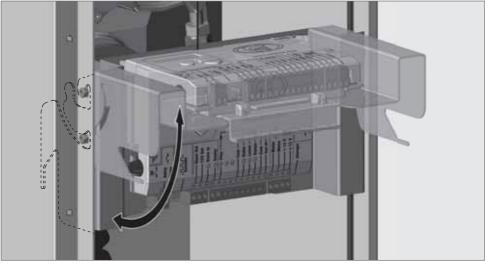


FIGURE 82



### **FIGURE 83**



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 8, Figure 84).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 8, Figure 85).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 8, Figure 82).

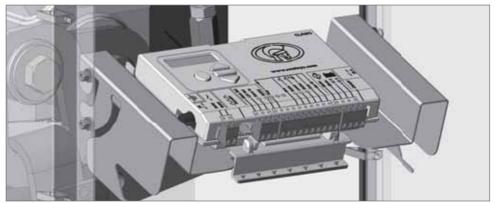


FIGURE 84. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

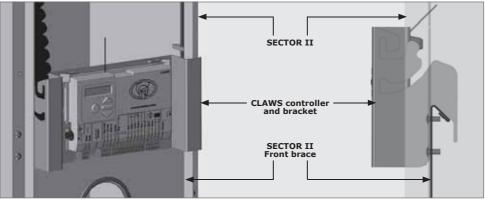


FIGURE 85. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

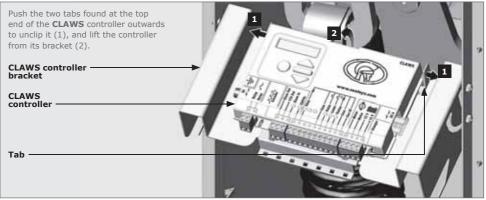


FIGURE 86. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

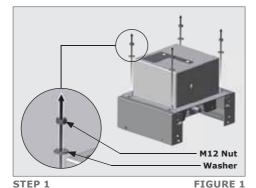
## STEP 3

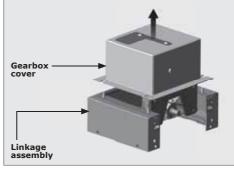
Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

Notes
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# 9. RHS Surface Mount - Opposing Direction of Travel

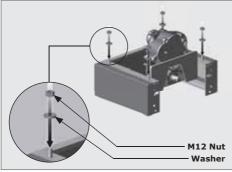
## 9.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

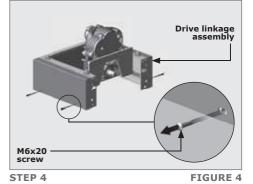




STEP 2

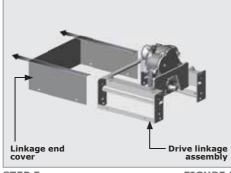
FIGURE 2

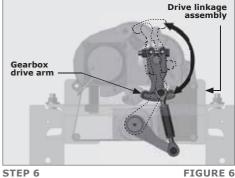




**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 3



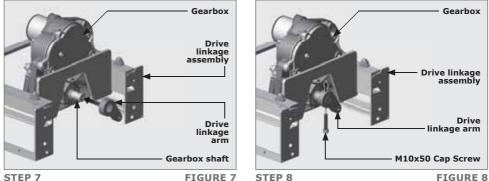


**STEP 5** 

FIGURE 5

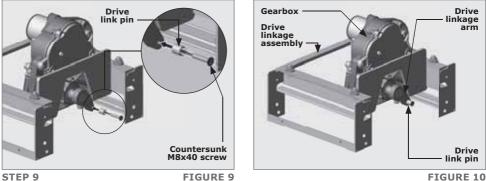
SILP

**SECTION 9** 



STEP 7

The drive linkage arm should point to a 5 o'clock position and the holes of the gearbox shaft and the linkage arm must line up as shown above.

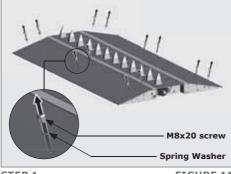


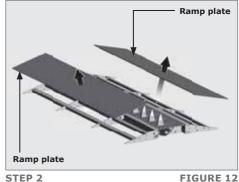


Tighten the Countersunk M8x40 screw to 20Nm (Section 9, Figure 9).

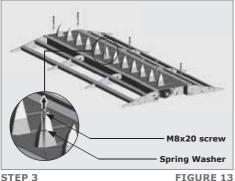
# 9.2. Spike Module Assembly

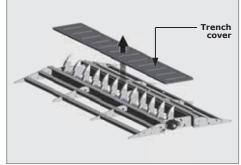
## 9.2.1. Preparing the Spike Model assembly(ies) for installation





**FIGURE 11** 





**STEP 3** 

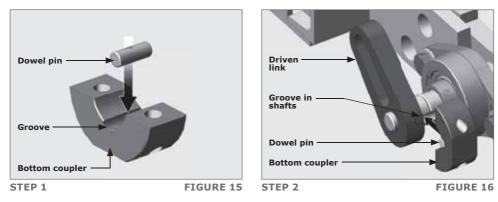




#### 9.2.2. Attaching the Driven Link to the first spike module

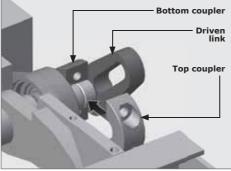


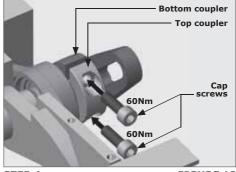
Place the spikes into the down position to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.





Ensure the Driven Link and the spikes are pointing in the same direction. (Section 9, Figures 16 to 19).





**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 17** 

**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 18** 

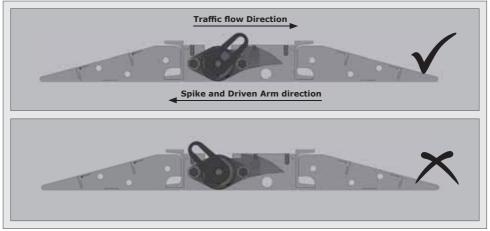
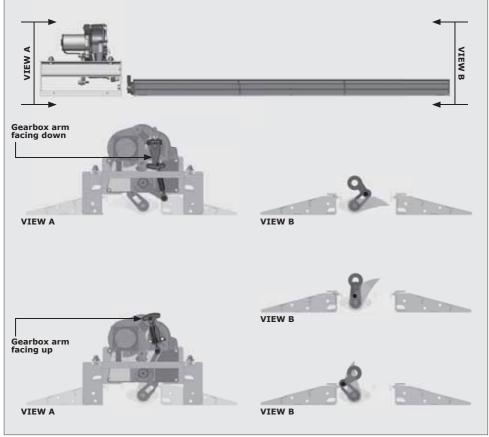


FIGURE 19

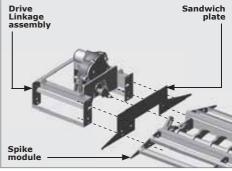
9.2.3. Aligning the Driven Linkage Arm to the Drive Linkage Arm.



### 9.2.4. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

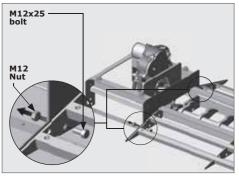


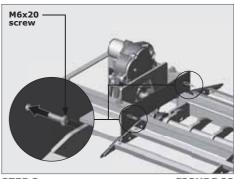
Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly. Ensure that the Sandwich Plate is lifted over the Driven Linkage Arm, so that the Driven Linkage Arm sits flush with the Drive Linkage Arm (Section 9, Figure 21).



**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 21** 





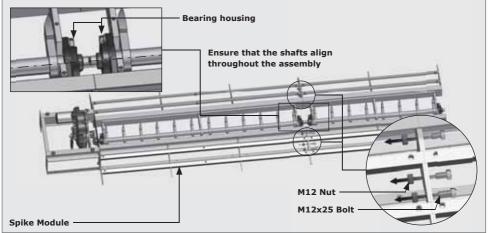
STEP 2

FIGURE 22

STEP 3

**FIGURE 23** 

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 9, Figure 24).



**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 24** 



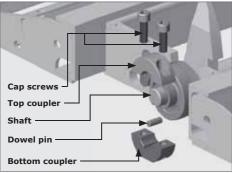
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

### 9.2.5. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.



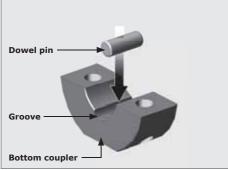


**FIGURE 25. SHAFT COUPLER** 

**FIGURE 26** 

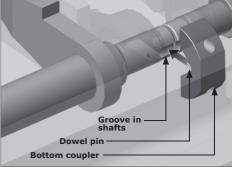


Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



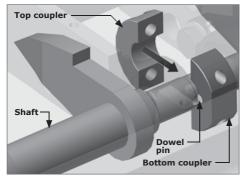
**STEP 1** 

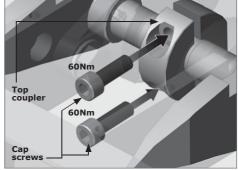
**FIGURE 27** 





**FIGURE 28** 

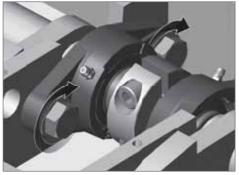


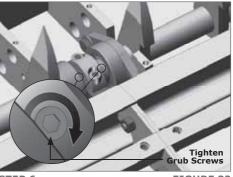


STEP 4

#### STEP 7

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.





**STEP 5** 

FIGURE 31

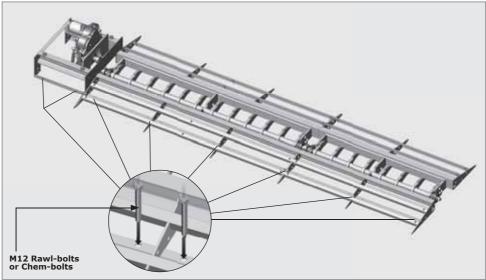
31 STEP 6

FIGURE 32

### 9.2.6. Bolting down the assembly to the ground



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be seperated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. (Section 9.4.2.) These must be done before bolting the assembly to the ground. Once this preparation work has been completed, proceed with the installation below.

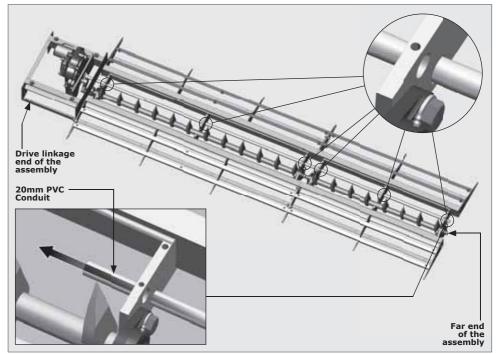


**FIGURE 33** 



It is crucial that the surface it's mounted on is a reasonably even surface as an uneven surface could result in an uneven binding of the spike shafts. This will result in premature failure.

### 9.2.5. Proximity sensor installation

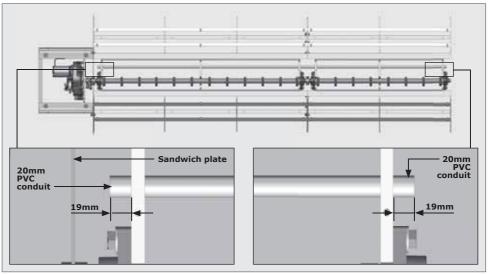


#### **STEP 1**

**FIGURE 34** 

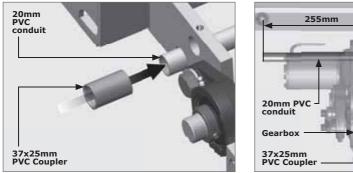


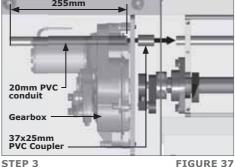
The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules and drive linkage unit combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 9, Figure 35).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.





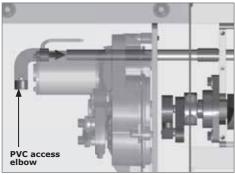
**STEP 2** 

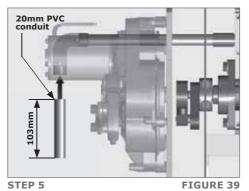
**FIGURE 36** 

**FIGURE 37** 



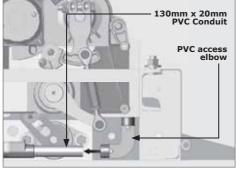
Steps 4-7 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and proximity sensor cable will need to be dug (Section 9.4.2.).





**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 38** 



20mm PVC conduit 250-300mm **STEP 7** 

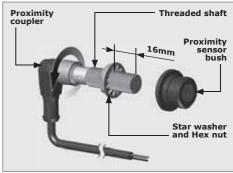
**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 40** 

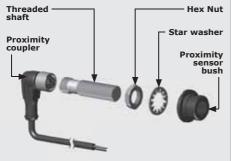
**FIGURE 41** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.

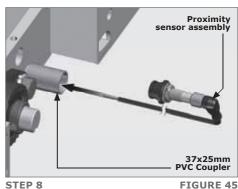


**FIGURE 43. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



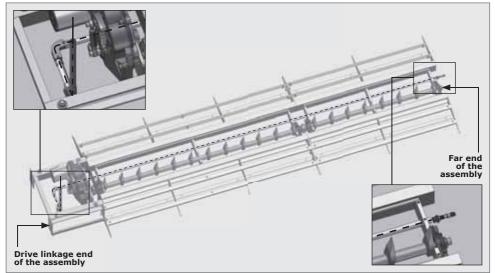
**FIGURE 42. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

Threaded



coupler shaft Proximity sensor bush

**FIGURE 44. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

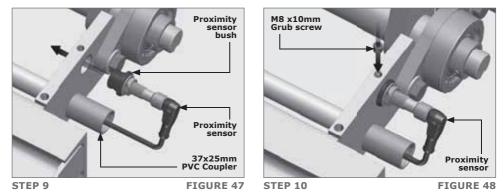


#### **FIGURE 46**

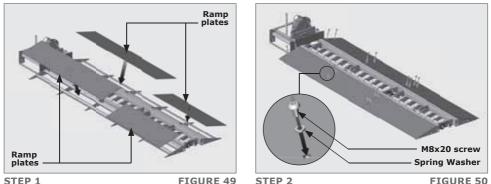


There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed to the SECTOR II at a later stage.

Proximity



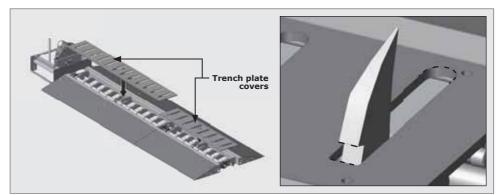




#### STEP 1

**FIGURE 49** 

Leave out the four M8 screws and Spring Washers on the far end of the assembly as the module end cover will be assembled later.



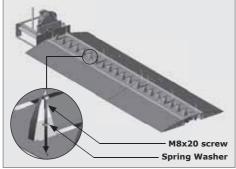
#### **STEP 3**

**FIGURE 51** 



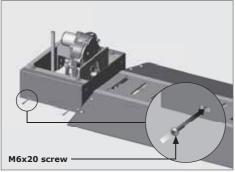
Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

**SECTION 9** 



**STEP 4** 

**FIGURE 52** 

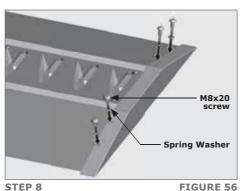


**STEP 6** 

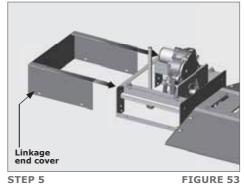
**FIGURE 54** 

**STEP 7** 

Module end cover **FIGURE 55** 





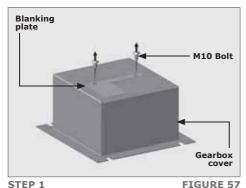


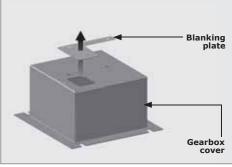


## 9.4. Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

9.4.1. Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

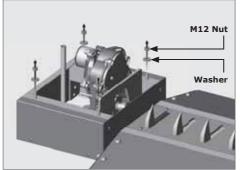
### 9.4.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

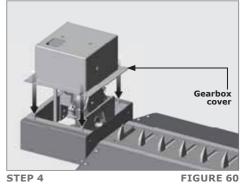




STEP 2

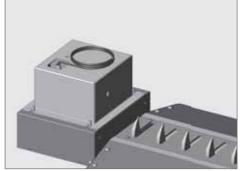
**FIGURE 58** 





**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 59



**STEP 5** 

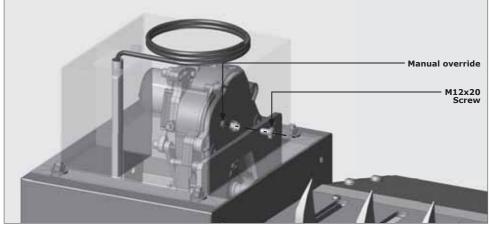
FIGURE 61

Washer STEP 6

M12 Nut

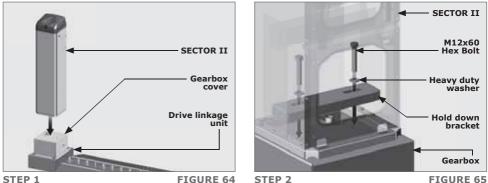
12

**FIGURE 62** 



**FIGURE 63. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



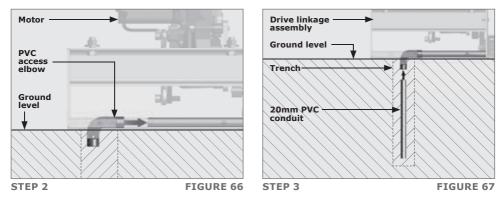


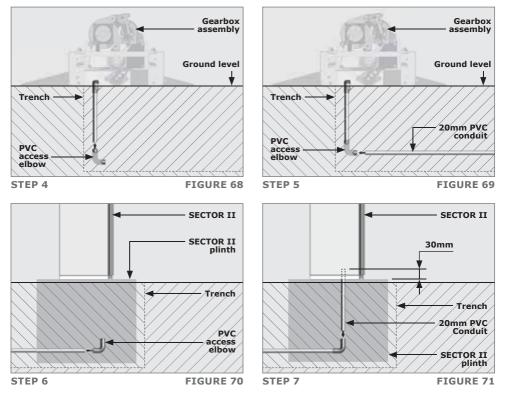
9.4.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

#### 9.4.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

#### **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.





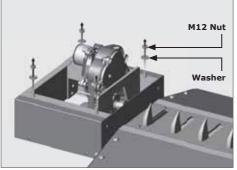
#### **STEP 8**

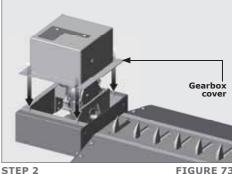
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

#### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.



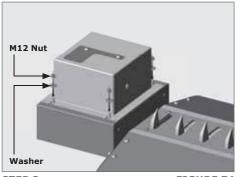


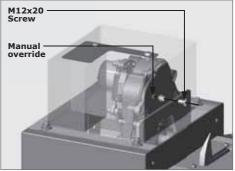


**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 72** 

**FIGURE 73** 





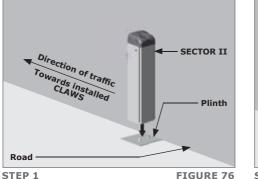
**STEP 3** 

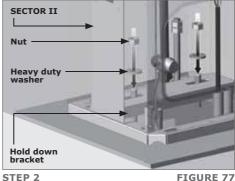
**FIGURE 74** 

**FIGURE 75. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

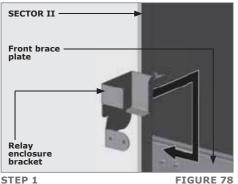
By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

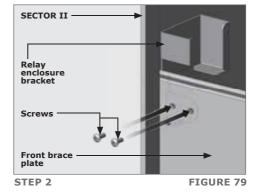
#### 9.4.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position

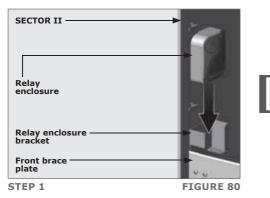




9.4.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket



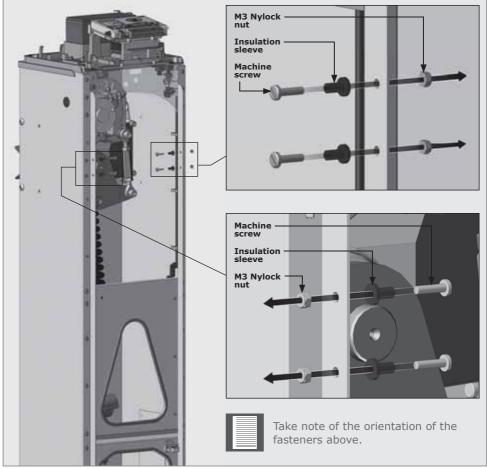




Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

8.4.5. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



#### STEP 2

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

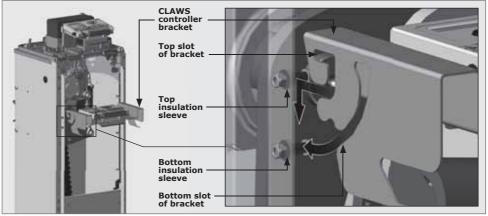
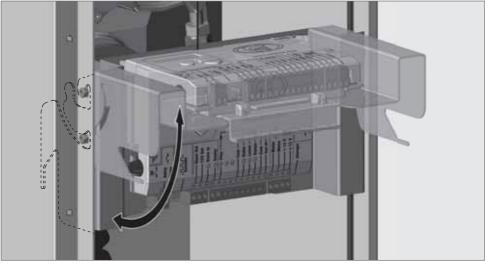


FIGURE 82



#### **FIGURE 83**



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 9, Figure 84).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 9, Figure 85).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 9, Figure 82).

LHS SURFACE MOUNT - OPPOSING DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

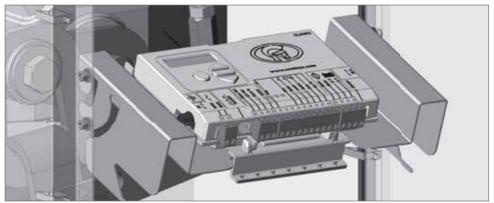


FIGURE 84. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

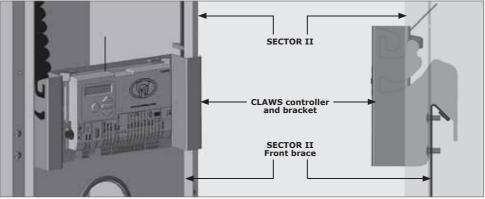


FIGURE 85. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

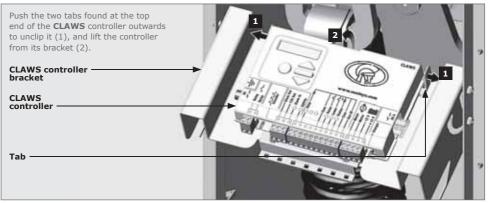


FIGURE 86. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

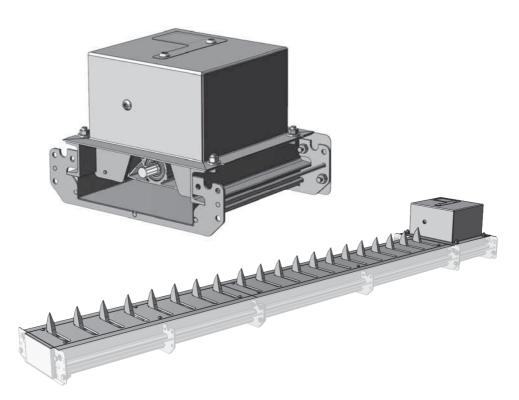
## STEP 3

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

Notes
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# **INDEPENDENT DRIVE FLUSH MOUNT INSTALLATIONS**

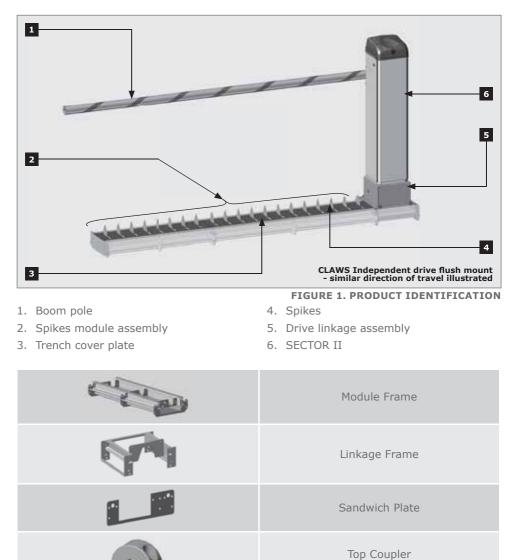




Centurion Systems (Pty) Ltd www.centsys.com



# **10. Product Identification**



Bottom Coupler

8x20 Dowel Pin

#### **TOOLS REQUIRED**

	Gearbox Coupler
00	Bearing Housing
	Hold Down Bracket
• • • •	Linkage End Cover
	Blanking Plate
	Gearbox Cover
•.	Module End Cover

# **11. Tools Required**

- 13mm,17mm, and 19mm Spanners
- Ratchet
- 19mm, and 24mm Sockets
- Allen Key Set
- 20mm and 50mm Hole Saw

- Mallet
- Tape Measure
- Spirit Level
- Torque Wrench
- Conduit Spring for 20mm conduit

# **12. Introduction**

This document describes the basic steps to follow when installing the flush-mountable **CLAWS** Spikes driven directly from a SECTOR II Barrier by a "push-pull" linkage system. The installation described in this document is a 2.5 meter installation which utilises modules of 1.5 and 1.0 meters.



The installation of the **CLAWS** Spikes requires a minimum of two persons.

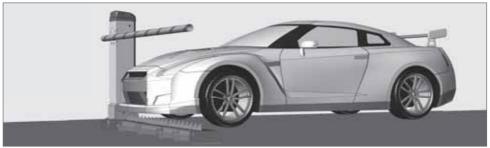
## 12.1. Installation Configurations

The flush-mountable **CLAWS** Spikes can be installed in four different configurations. The configuration is dependent on two factors:

- Orientation of installation
- Direction of spike impact

## 12.1.1. Orientation of Installation

The orientation of installation is described as the side at which the drive linkage is installed when approaching the **CLAWS** Spikes. In other words, when driving up to the **CLAWS** Spikes, in the correct direction for traffic flow, and the drive is installed on the right-hand side of the vehicle, it's deemed a right-hand installation. And when driving up to the **CLAWS** Spikes, in the correct direction for traffic flow, and the drive is installed on the right-hand side of the vehicle, it's deemed a right-hand installation.



**FIGURE 2. RHS CONFIGURATION** 



**FIGURE 3. LHS CONFIGURATION** 

## 12.1.2. Spike Impact Direction

The **CLAWS** Spikes are designed to take a much larger or more frequent impact in one direction. The spikes can be installed to face either towards oncoming traffic (similar) or face towards traffic (opposing) trying to enter from the wrong direction or lane.



**FIGURE 4. SPIKE IMPACT DIRECTION - SIMILAR** 



FIGURE 5. SPIKE IMPACT DIRECTION - OPPOSING

There are four types of typical installations. Refer to Section 11, Figures 2 and 3 to determine if the installation is left- or right-hand orientated.

Secondly; pay attention to the spike impact direction:

- **Similar direction of travel** prevents vehicles from exiting whilst the boom pole is still down (Normal direction of traffic)
- **Opposing direction of travel** prevents vehicles entering against the flow of traffic whilst the boom pole is down

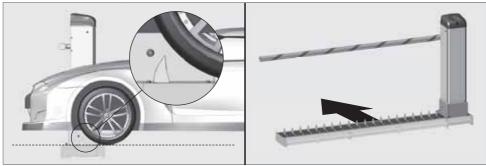


FIGURE 6. RHS SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

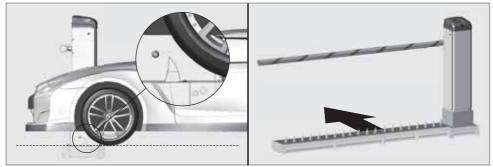
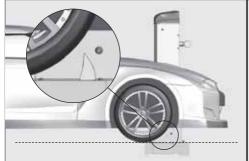


FIGURE 7. RHS OPPOSED DIRECTION OF TRAVEL



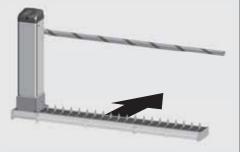


FIGURE 8. LHS SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

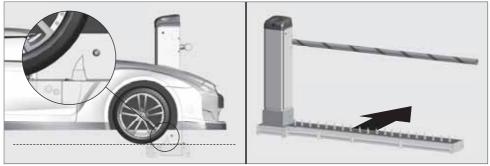
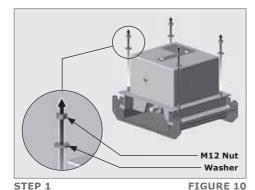
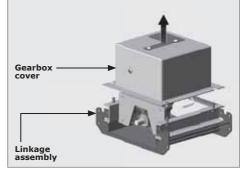


FIGURE 9. LHS OPPOSED DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

# 13. RHS Flush Mount - Similar Direction of Travel

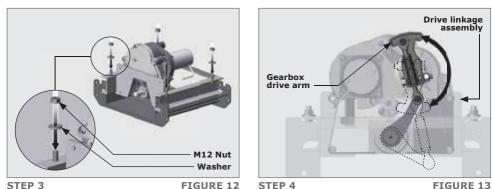
## 13.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly





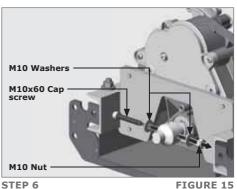
**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 11** 



STEP 3

FIGURE 12







**FIGURE 15** 



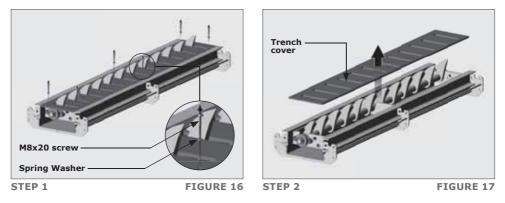
Gearbox coupler notch

Gearbox coupler

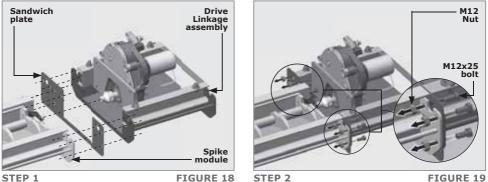
Note the orientation of the gearbox coupler notch is at the 9 o'clock position and that the gearbox drive arm is up as shown in Section 13, Figure 14.

## 13.2. Spike Module Assembly

#### 13.2.1. Preparing the Spike Module assembly(ies) for installation



13.2.2. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module



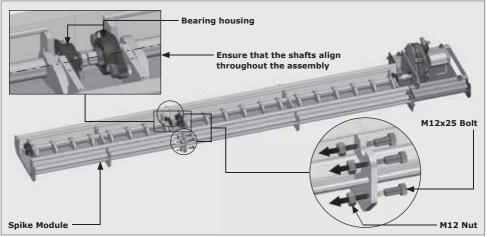
**STEP 1** 



Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly.

#### STEP 3

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 13, Figure 20).



**FIGURE 20** 



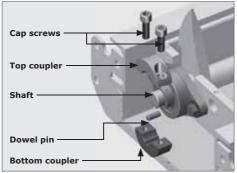
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

### 13.2.3. Assembling the shaft couplings

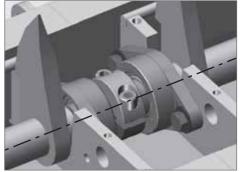
The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.



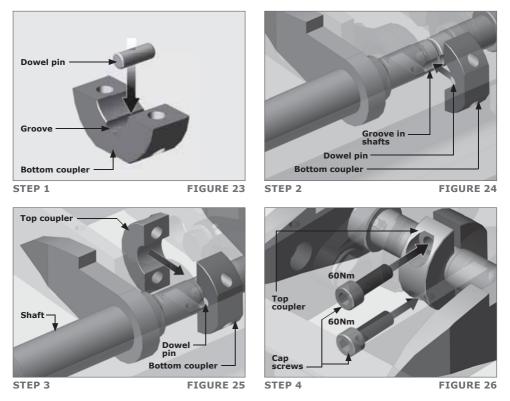
**FIGURE 21. SHAFT COUPLER** 



**FIGURE 22** 

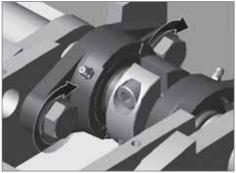


Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



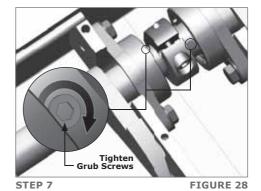
#### **STEP 5**

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.



**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 27** 





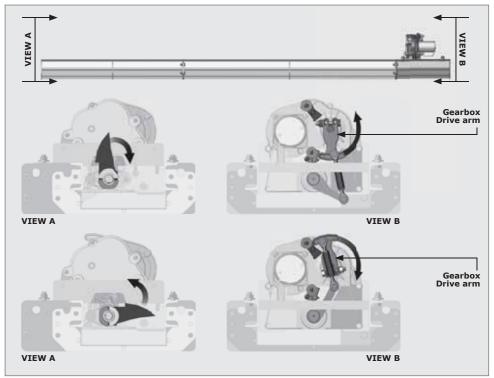
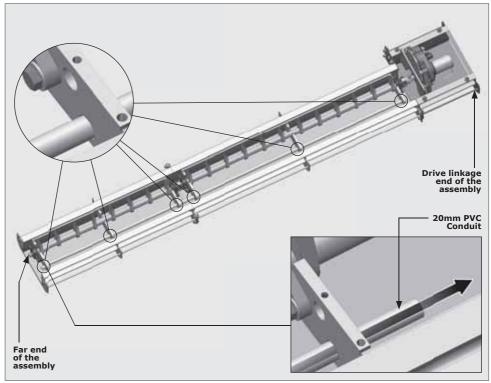


FIGURE 29. CORRECTLY ALIGNED SPIKE AND DRIVE MODULES

## 13.2.4. Proximity sensor installation

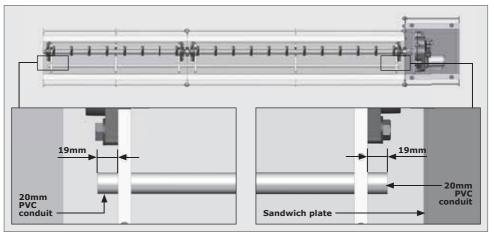


#### **STEP 1**

**FIGURE 30** 

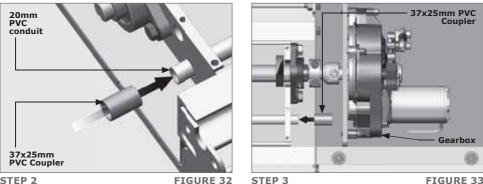


The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 13, Figure 31).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.



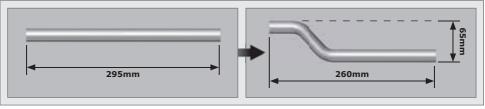


**FIGURE 32** 

**FIGURE 33** 



It is necessary to bend PVC conduit to circumvent the gearbox bulkhead to continue. The use of a conduit spring is recommended to avoid collapsing the pipe. Section 13, Figure 34 below is a guideline that can be used to achieve this.

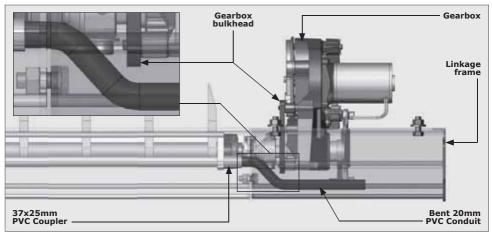


### **STEP 4**

**FIGURE 34** 

#### STEP 5

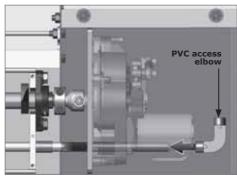
Connect the bent piece of conduit to the PVC coupler installed in Section 13, Figure 33 Step 3. After it is connected, it should resemble Section 13, Figure 35.

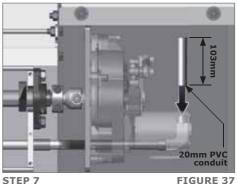


#### **SECTION 13**



Steps 6-9 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug (Refer to Section 13.5.2.).

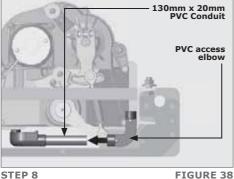


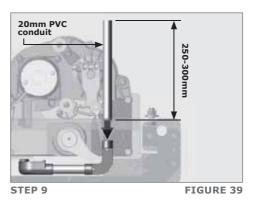


**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 36** 

**FIGURE 37** 

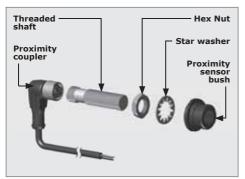




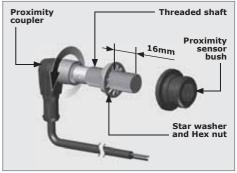
**STEP 8** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.



**FIGURE 40. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



**FIGURE 41. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

**SECTION 13** 

**RHS FLUSH MOUNT - SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL** 



**FIGURE 42. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

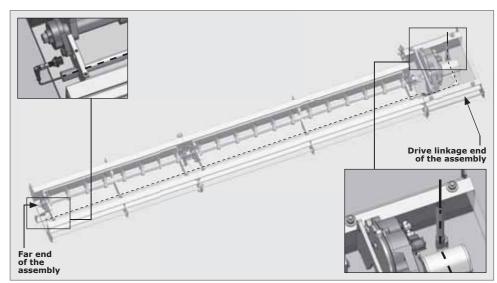
**STEP 6** 

Proximity

37x25mm **PVC Coupler** 

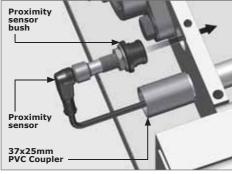
sensor assembly

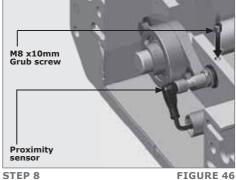
**FIGURE 43** 





There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed up the SECTOR II at a later stage.



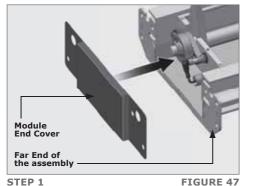


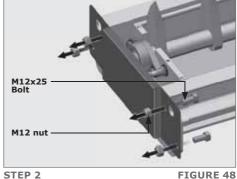
**STEP 7** 

**FIGURE 45** 

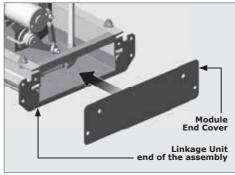
## 13.2.5. Attaching the End Covers to the Assembly

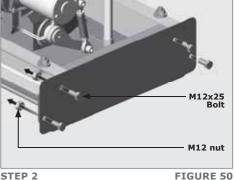
#### 13.2.5.1. Attaching the Module End cover





13.2.5.2. Attaching the Linkage Unit End cover



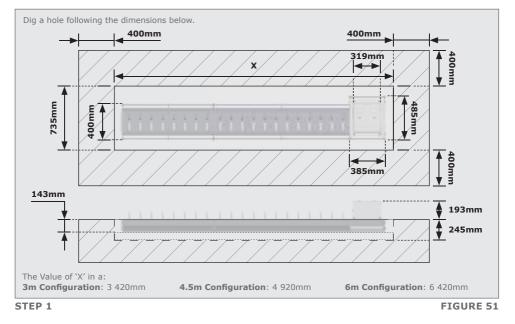


STEP 1

FIGURE 49

**STEP 2** 





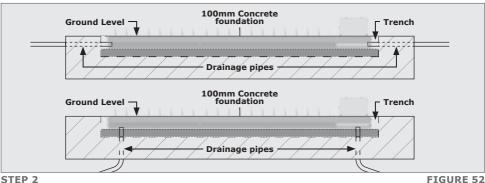
# 13.3. Preparing the Trench and Drainage System



Drainage pipes must be laid at one or both ends of the trench to allow water to flow either into storm water drains or into any other area away from the installation. Section 13, Figure 52 shows two recommended drainage configurations. Once complete, hold the draining pipes in place by pouring a 100mm concrete foundation and level off.



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be separated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. This must be done before any concrete is poured (Section 13.5.2.).



**STEP 2** 



Make sure the drain pipes do not interfere with the structure when it is in the trench.

## 13.3.1. Concreting the Assembly into the Trench.

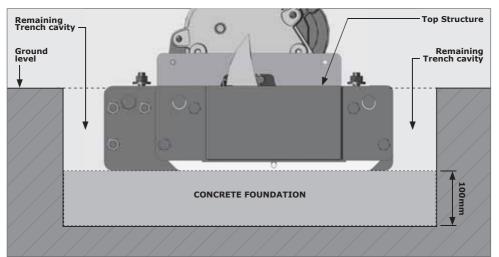


Ensure that the drain pipes will not interfere with the structure when it is placed in the trench.

Place the assembly in the trench and level the assembly using any type of propping or jacking method. Make sure that the top of the assembly is either in line with or a little higher than the ground level and pour concrete (minimum 45MPa after 28 days) into the cavity that remains.



# Do not pour any concrete into the gutter of the spikes module or drive link assembly.



**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 53** 

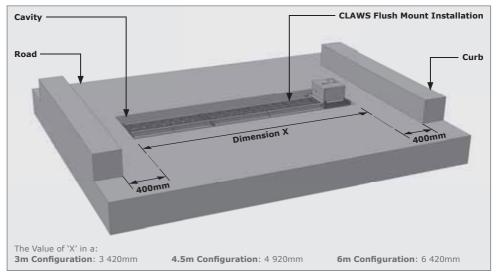
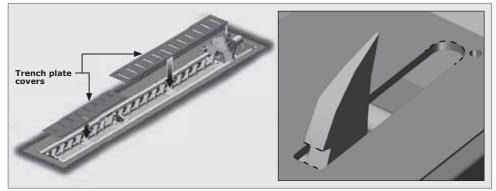


FIGURE 54. OVERVIEW OF CIVIL LAYOUT

# 13.4. Re-assembling the trench plates

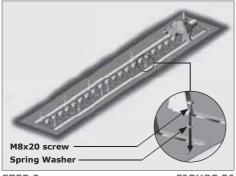


**STEP 1** 

FIGURE 55



Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

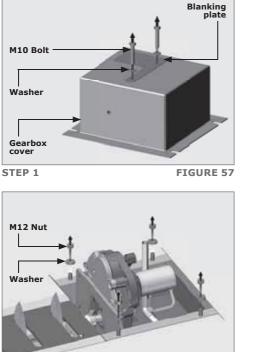


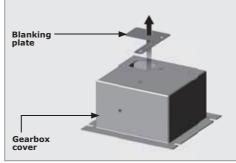
STEP 2

#### Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS 13.5.

Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive 13.5.1.

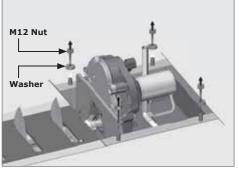
## 13.5.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

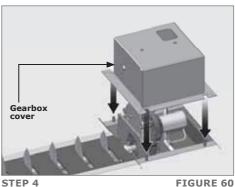






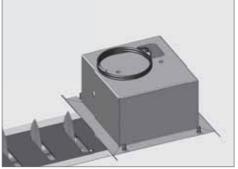
**FIGURE 58** 

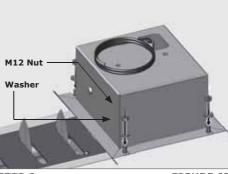




**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 59** 

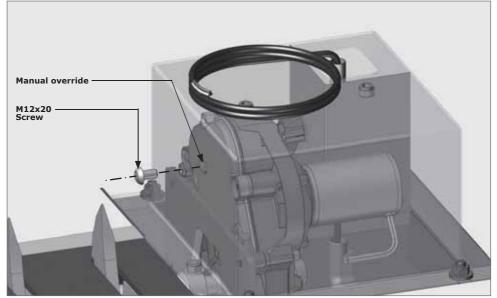






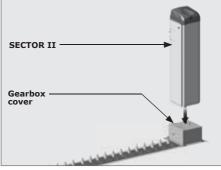
**FIGURE 62** 

**STEP 5** 



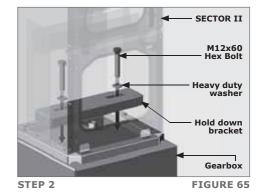
**FIGURE 63. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

## 13.5.1.2. Placing the SECTOR II into position



**STEP 1** 

FIGURE 64



## 13.5.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

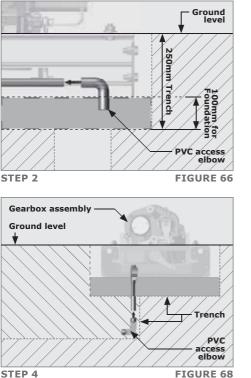
## 13.5.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

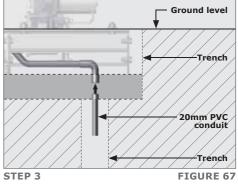
#### STEP 1

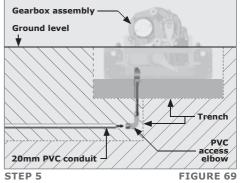
Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.

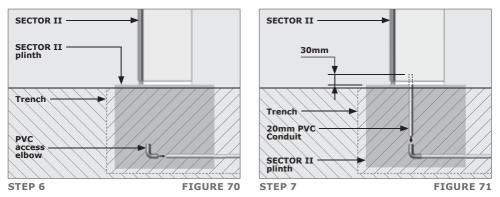


Drill a 20mm hole through the gutter plate using a 20mm hole saw for the proximity sensor conduit







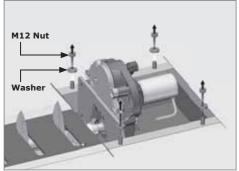


Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

#### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.

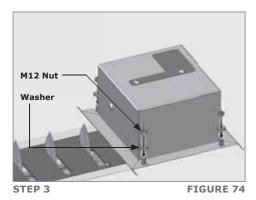


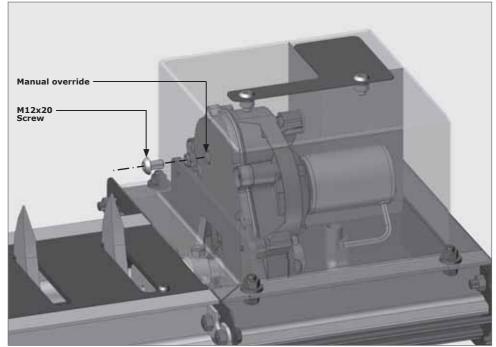


**STEP 2** 

**STEP 1** 

FIGURE 72



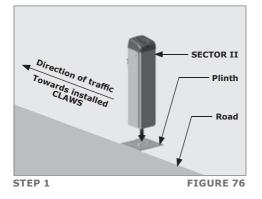


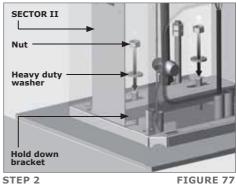
**FIGURE 75. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

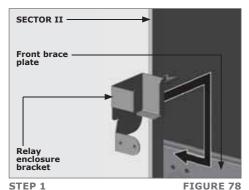
## 13.5.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position

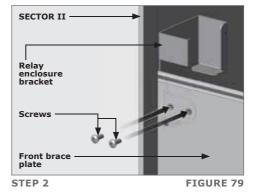




#### **SECTION 13**

#### 13.5.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket





SECTOR II

Relay
enclosure

Relay enclosure

Bracket

Front brace
plate

**STEP 3** 

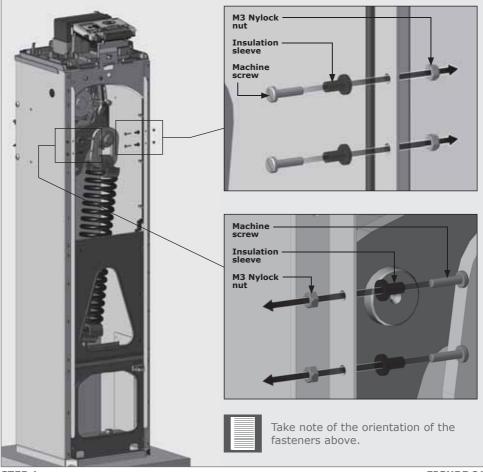
**FIGURE 80** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

## 13.5.4. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



**STEP 1** 

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

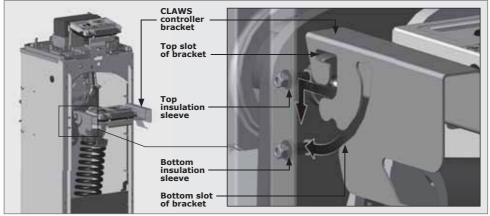
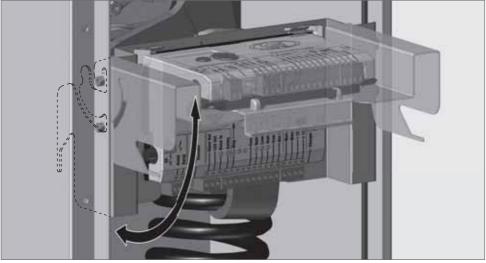


FIGURE 82



#### **FIGURE 83**



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 13, Figure 84).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 13, Figure 85).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 13, Figure 82).

**RHS FLUSH MOUNT - SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL** 

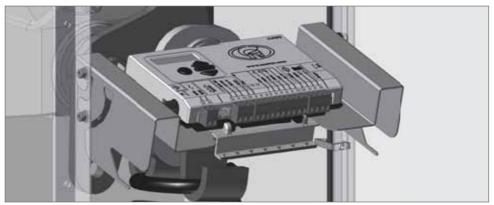


FIGURE 84. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

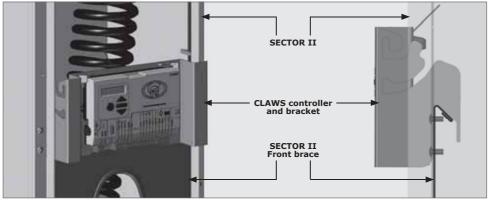


FIGURE 85. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

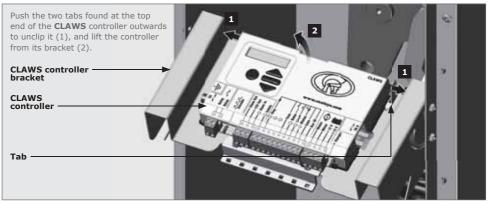


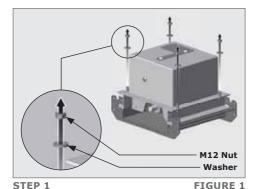
FIGURE 86. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

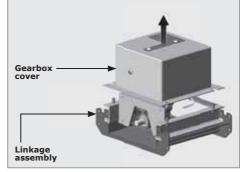
## STEP 3

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

# 14. RHS Flush Mount - Opposing Direction of Travel

# 14.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

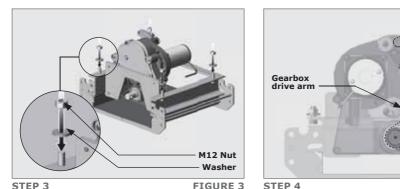




**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 2** 

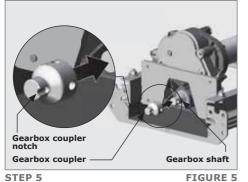
Drive linkage assembly

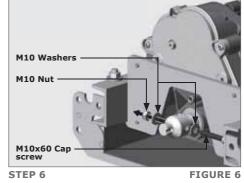


**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 3

**FIGURE 4** 



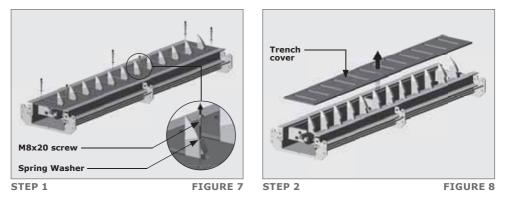




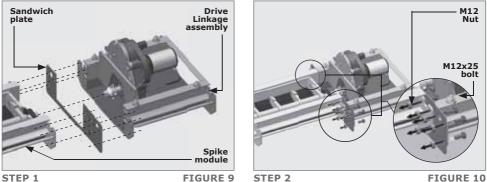
Note the orientation of the gearbox coupler notch is at the 3 o'clock position and that the gearbox drive arm is down as shown in Section 14, Figure 5.

# 14.2. Spike Module Assembly

#### 14.2.1. Preparing the Spike Module assembly(ies) for installation



14.2.2. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

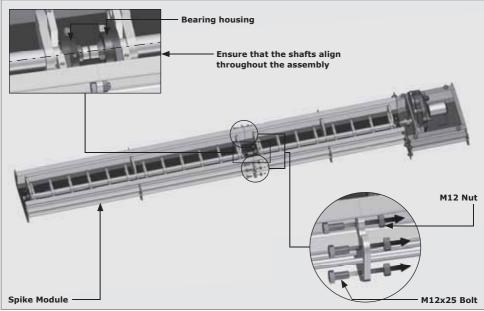


STEP 1



Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly.

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 14, Figure 11).



**FIGURE 11** 



To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

## 14.2.3. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.

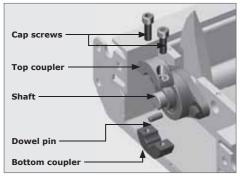
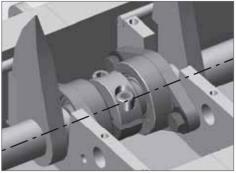


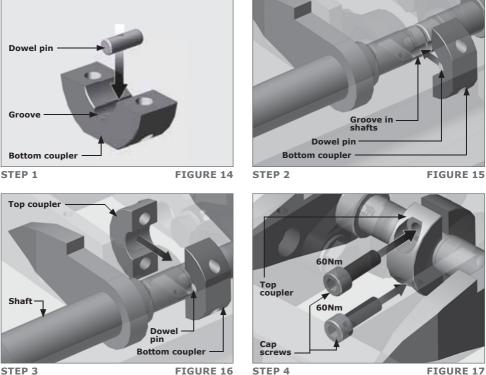
FIGURE 12. SHAFT COUPLER



**FIGURE 13** 



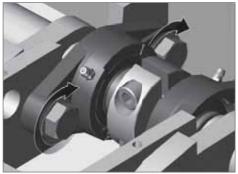
Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



#### **STEP 3**

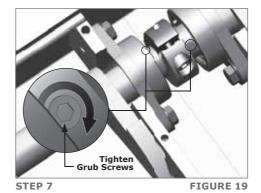
#### **STEP 5**

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.



**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 18** 



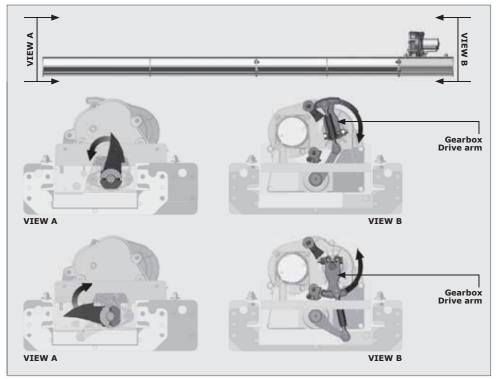
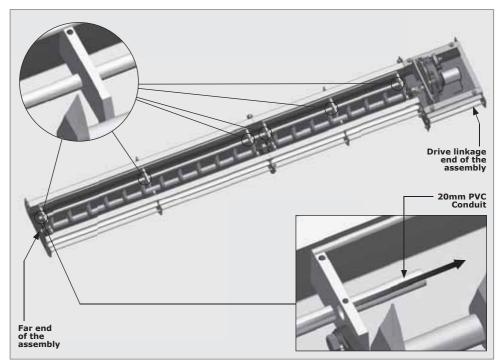


FIGURE 20. CORRECTLY ALIGNED SPIKE AND DRIVE MODULES

#### 14.2.4. Proximity sensor installation

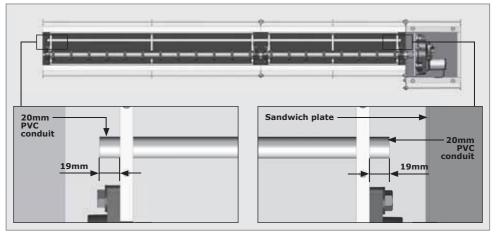


#### **STEP 1**

**FIGURE 21** 

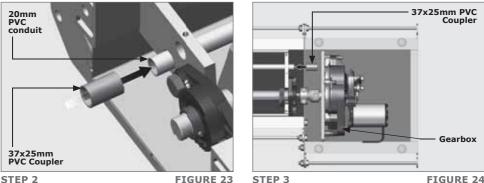


The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 14, Figure 22).





Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.



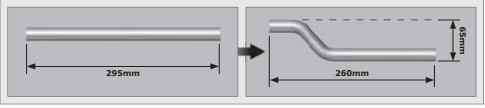
**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 23** 

**FIGURE 24** 



It is necessary to bend PVC conduit to circumvent the gearbox bulkhead to continue. The use of a conduit spring is recommended to avoid collapsing the pipe. Section 14, Figure 25 below is a guideline that can be used to achieve this.

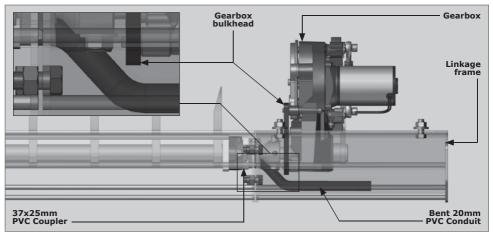


#### **STEP 4**

**FIGURE 25** 

#### STEP 5

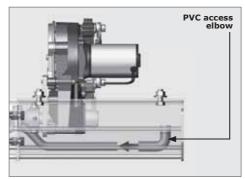
Connect the bent piece of conduit to the PVC coupler installed in Section 14, Figure 24 Step 3. After it is connected, it should resemble Section 14, Figure 26.

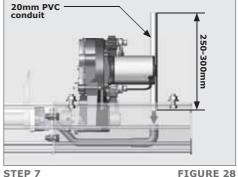


#### **SECTION 14**



Steps 6-9 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug (Refer to Section 14.5.2.).





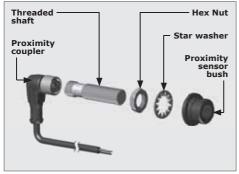
**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 27** 

**FIGURE 28** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.



**FIGURE 29. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

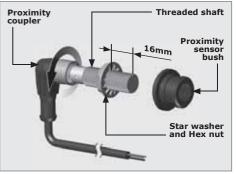
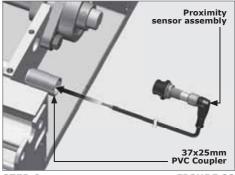


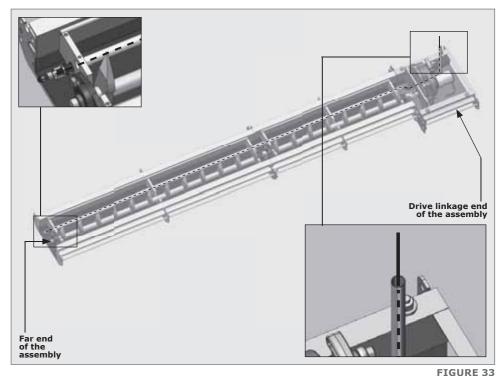
FIGURE 30. PROXIMITY SENSOR



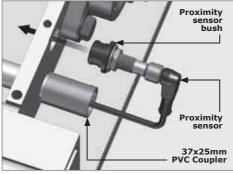


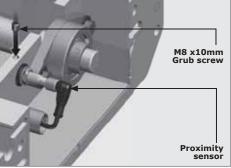


**FIGURE 31. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed up the SECTOR II at a later stage.





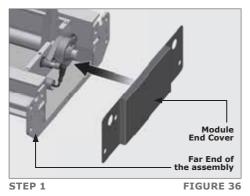
**STEP 7** 

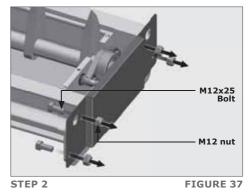
FIGURE 34 STEP 8



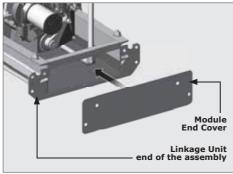
## 14.2.5. Attaching the End Covers to the Assembly

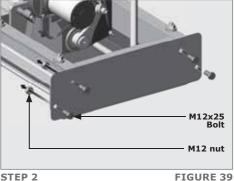
## 14.2.5.1. Attaching the Module End cover





14.2.5.2. Attaching the Linkage Unit End cover



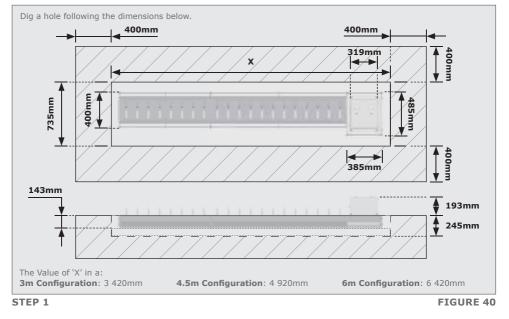


STEP 1

FIGURE 38

**STEP 2** 





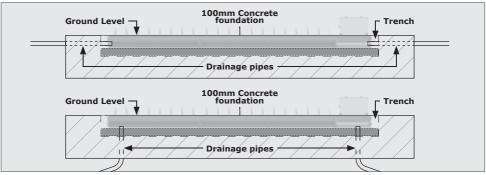
# 14.3. Preparing the Trench and Drainage System



Drainage pipes must be laid at one or both ends of the trench to allow water to flow either into storm water drains or into any other area away from the installation. Section 14, Figure 41 shows two recommended drainage configurations. Once complete, hold the drainage pipes in place by pouring a 100mm concrete foundation and level off.



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be separated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. This must be done before any concrete is poured (Section 14.5.2.).



#### STEP 2

FIGURE 41



Make sure the drain pipes do not interfere with the structure when it is in the trench.

### 14.3.1. Concreting the Assembly into the Trench.

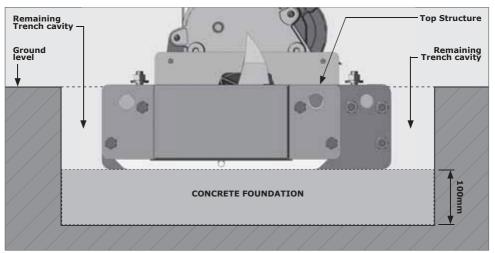


Ensure that the drain pipes will not interfere with the structure when it is placed in the trench.

Place the assembly in the trench and level the assembly using any type of propping or jacking method. Make sure that the top of the assembly is either in line with or a little higher than the ground level and pour concrete (minimum 45MPa after 28 days) into the cavity that remains.

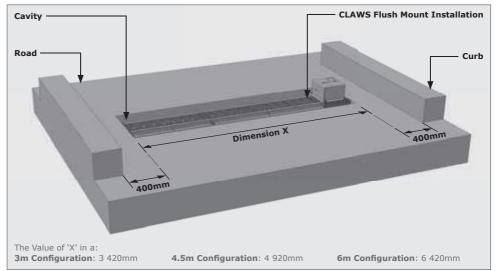


# Do not pour any concrete into the gutter of the spikes module or drive link assembly.



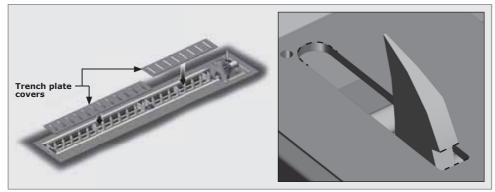
**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 42** 



**FIGURE 43. OVERVIEW OF CIVIL LAYOUT** 

# 14.4. Re-assembling the trench plates

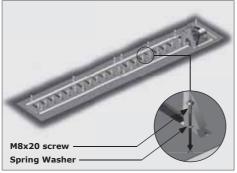


**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 44** 



Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

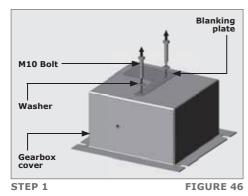


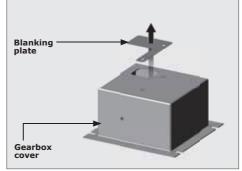
**STEP 2** 

#### Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS 14.5.

#### Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive 14.5.1.

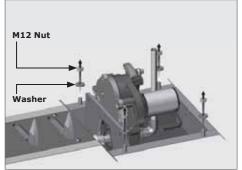
## 14.5.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

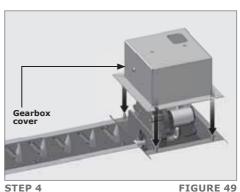






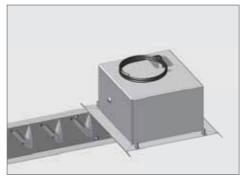
**FIGURE 47** 

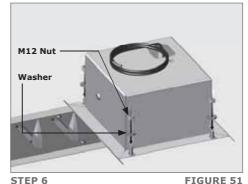




**STEP 3** 

FIGURE 48

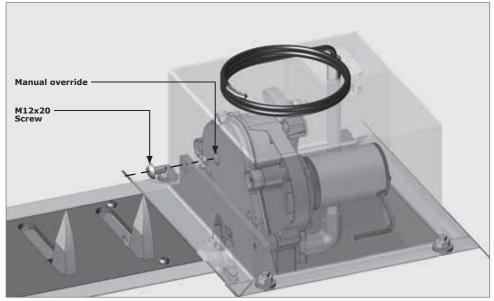




**STEP 5** 

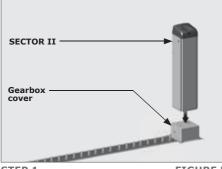
FIGURE 50





**FIGURE 52. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 





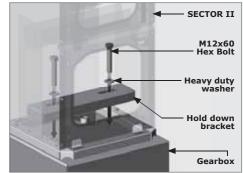


FIGURE 53

STEP 2

## 14.5.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

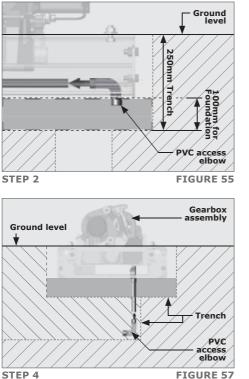
## 14.5.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

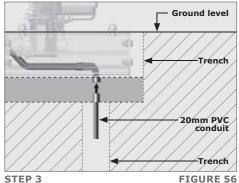
#### STEP 1

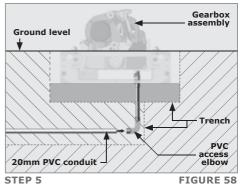
Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.

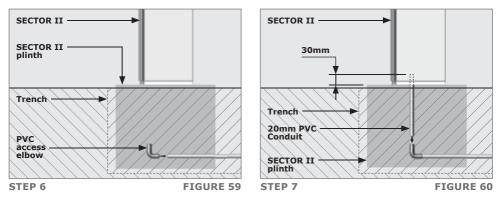


Drill a 20mm hole through the gutter plate using a 20mm hole saw for the proximity sensor conduit







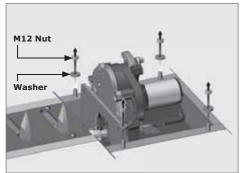


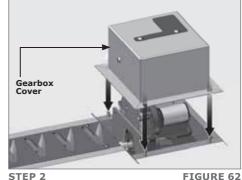
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

#### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.



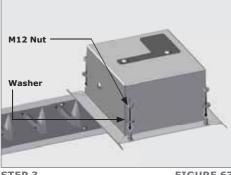




**STEP 1** 

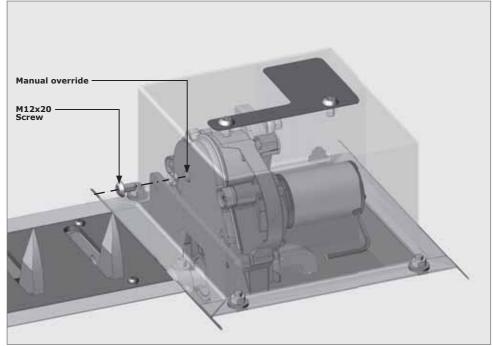
**FIGURE 61** 

**FIGURE 62** 



**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 63** 

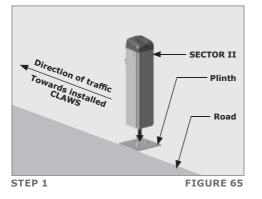


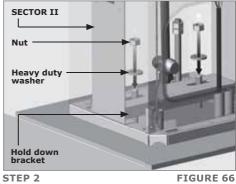
**FIGURE 64. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

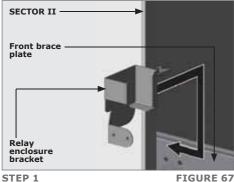
## 14.5.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position

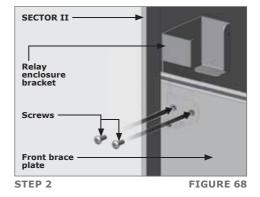




#### **SECTION 14**

#### 14.5.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket





**FIGURE 67** 

SECTOR II	
	• 7
Relay enclosure	110
	2
	52
Relay enclosure	
bracket	
Front brace	
plate	0.01

**STEP 3** 

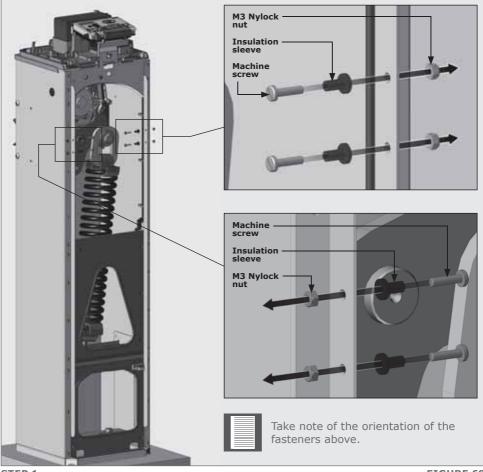
**FIGURE 69** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

## 14.5.4. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



STEP 1

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

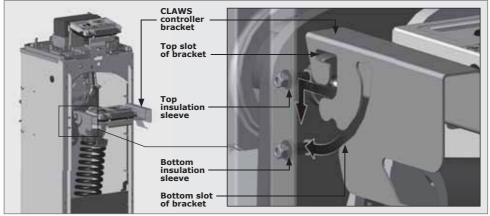
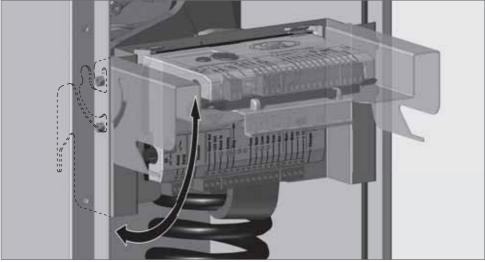


FIGURE 70



**FIGURE 71** 



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 14, Figure 72).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 14, Figure 73).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 14, Figure 70).

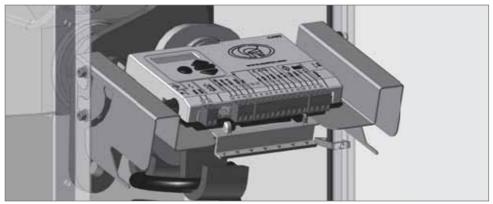


FIGURE 72. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

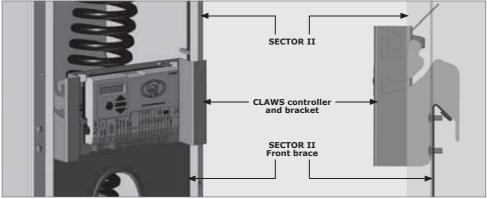


FIGURE 73. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

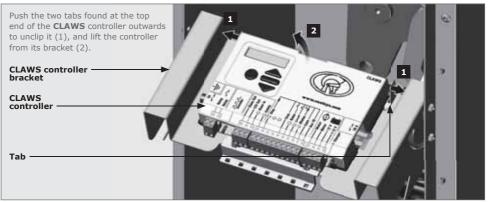
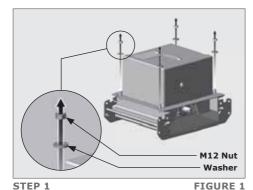


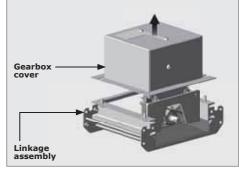
FIGURE 74. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

# **15. LHS Flush Mount - Similar Direction of Travel**

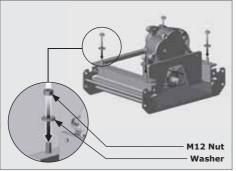
# 15.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

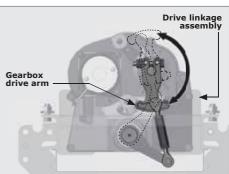




**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 2** 

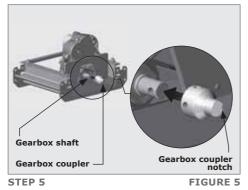


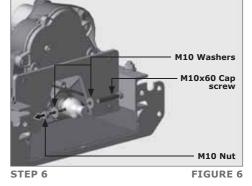


STEP 3

FIGURE 3

**FIGURE 4** 





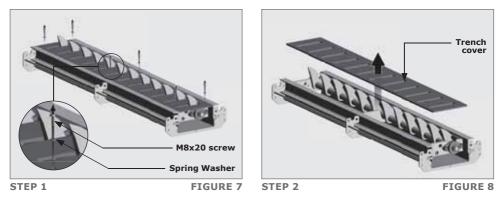


Note the orientation of the gearbox coupler notch is at the 3 o'clock position and that the gearbox drive arm is down as shown in Section 15, Figure 5.

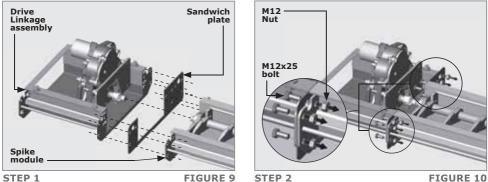
**STEP 4** 

# 15.2. Spike Module Assembly

15.2.1. Preparing the Spike Module assembly(ies) for installation



15.2.2. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module



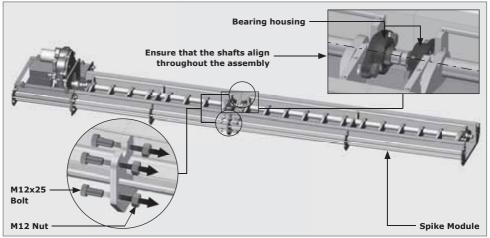
STEP 1



Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly.

#### STEP 3

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 15, Figure 11).



**FIGURE 11** 



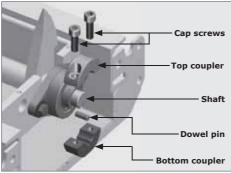
To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

#### 15.2.3. Assembling the shaft couplings

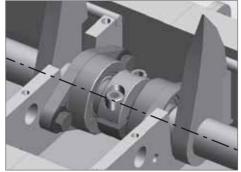
The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.



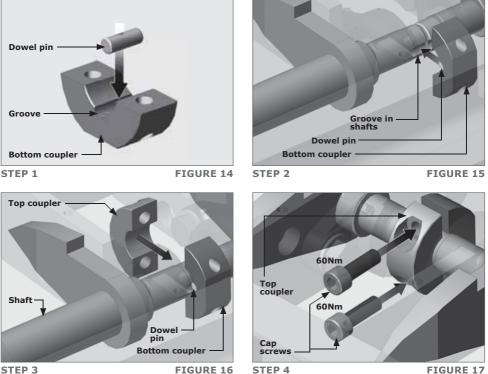
**FIGURE 12. SHAFT COUPLER** 



**FIGURE 13** 



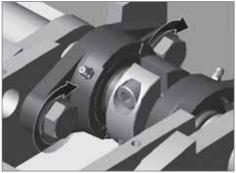
Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



**STEP 3** 

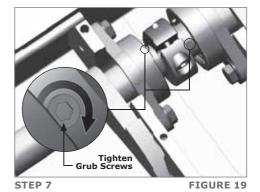
#### **STEP 5**

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.



**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 18** 



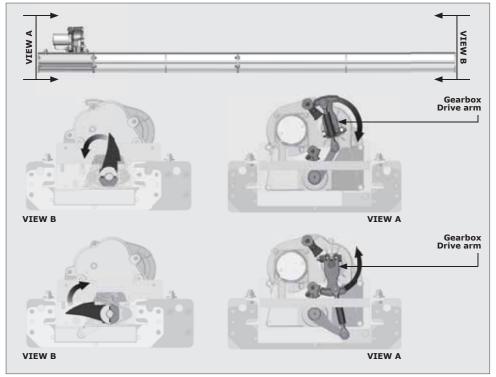
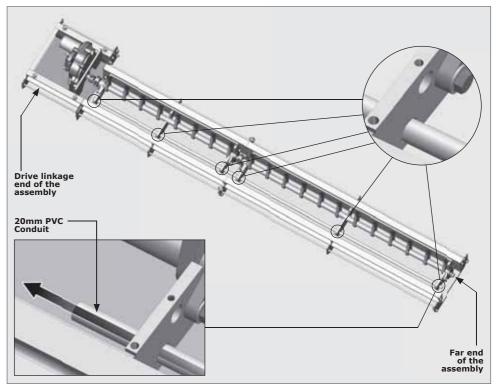


FIGURE 20. CORRECTLY ALIGNED SPIKE AND DRIVE MODULES

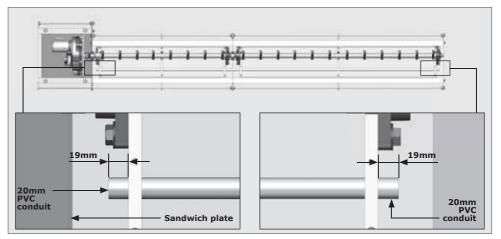
# 15.2.4. Proximity sensor installation



#### **STEP 1**

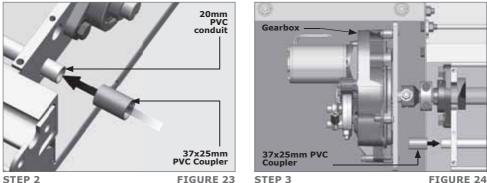
FIGURE 21

The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 15, Figure 22).



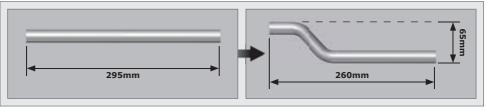


Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.



**STEP 2** 

It is necessary to bend PVC conduit to circumvent the gearbox bulkhead to continue. The use of a conduit spring is recommended to avoid collapsing the pipe. Section 15, Figure 25 below is a guideline that can be used to achieve this.

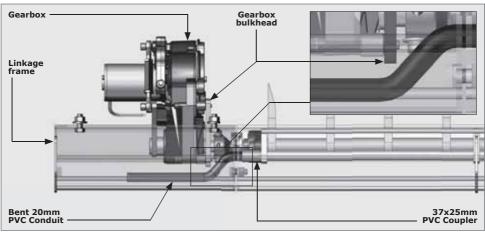


# **STEP 4**

**FIGURE 25** 

#### STEP 5

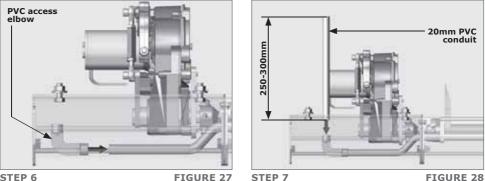
Connect the bent piece of conduit to the PVC coupler installed in Section 14, Figure 24 Step 3. After it is connected, it should resemble Section 15, Figure 26.



#### **SECTION 15**



Steps 6-7 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug (Refer to Section 15.5.2.).



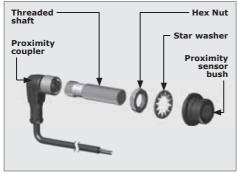
**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 27** 

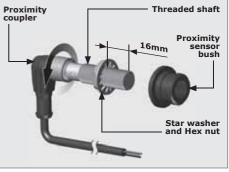
**FIGURE 28** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.



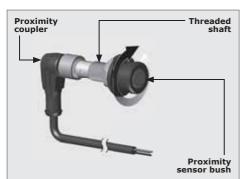
**FIGURE 29. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



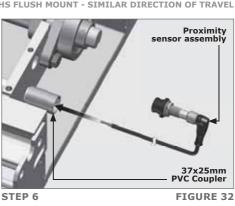
**FIGURE 30. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

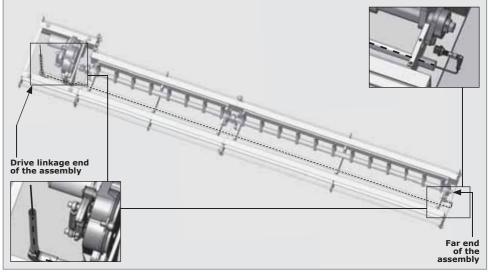
**SECTION 15** 

LHS FLUSH MOUNT - SIMILAR DIRECTION OF TRAVEL



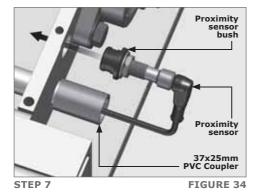
**FIGURE 31. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

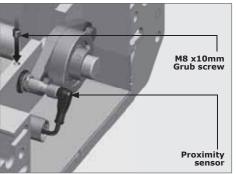




**FIGURE 33** 

There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed up the SECTOR II at a later stage.

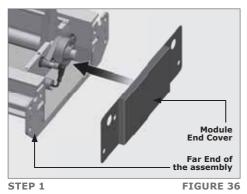


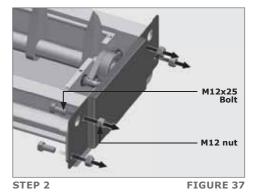


**STEP 8** 

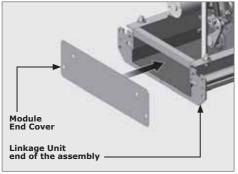
# 15.2.5. Attaching the End Covers to the Assembly

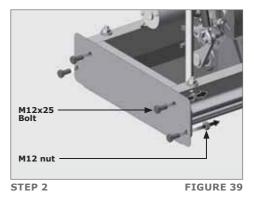
# 15.2.5.1. Attaching the Module End cover





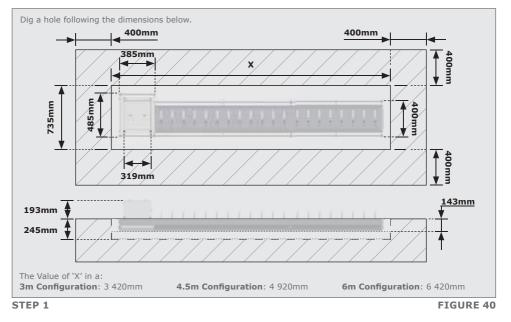
15.2.5.2. Attaching the Linkage Unit End cover





**STEP 1** 

FIGURE 38



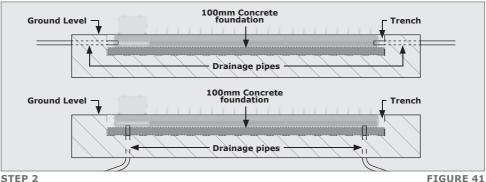
# 15.3. Preparing the Trench and Drainage System



Drainage pipes must be laid at one or both ends of the trench to allow water to flow either into storm water drains or into any other area away from the installation. Section 15, Figure 41 shows two recommended drainage configurations. Once complete, hold thedrainage pipes in place by pouring a 100mm concrete foundation and level off.



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be separated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. This must be done before any concrete is poured (Section 15.5.2.).



#### STEP 2



Make sure the drain pipes do not interfere with the structure when it is in the trench.

## 14.3.1. Concreting the Assembly into the Trench.

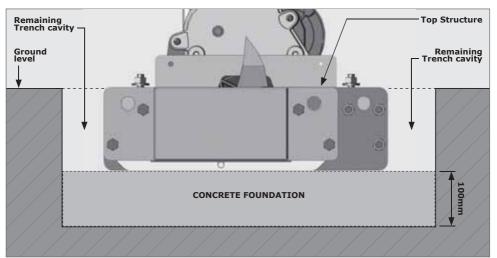


Ensure that the drain pipes will not interfere with the structure when it is placed in the trench.

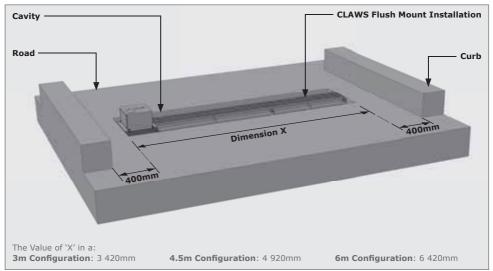
Place the assembly in the trench and level the assembly using any type of propping or jacking method. Make sure that the top of the assembly is either in line with or a little higher than the ground level and pour concrete (minimum 45MPa after 28 days) into the cavity that remains.



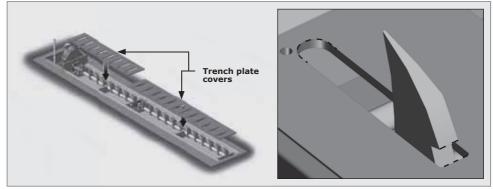
# Do not pour any concrete into the gutter of the spikes module or drive link assembly.



**STEP 3** 



# 15.4. Re-assembling the trench plates

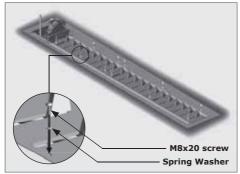


#### **STEP 1**

#### **FIGURE 44**



Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

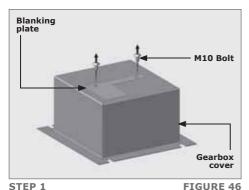


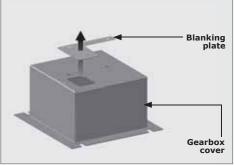
**STEP 2** 

# 15.5. Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

15.5.1. Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

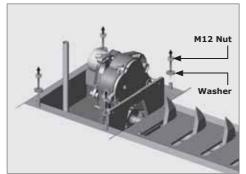
# 15.5.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position

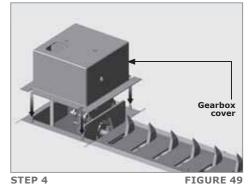




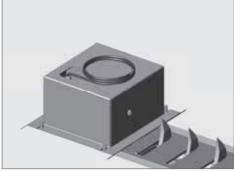
STEP 2

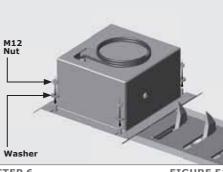
FIGURE 47





**STEP 3** 



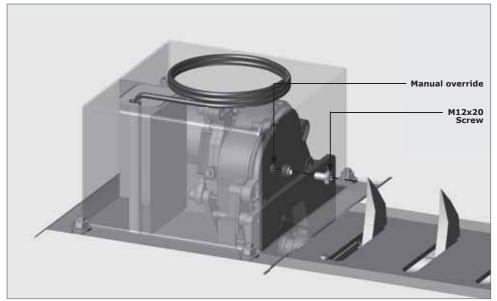


**STEP 5** 

**FIGURE 50** 

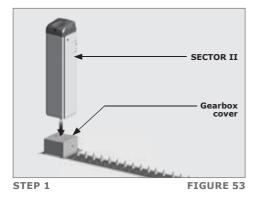
**FIGURE 48** 

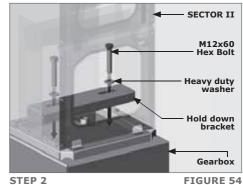
STEP 6



**FIGURE 52. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

# 15.5.1.2. Placing the SECTOR II into position





## 15.5.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

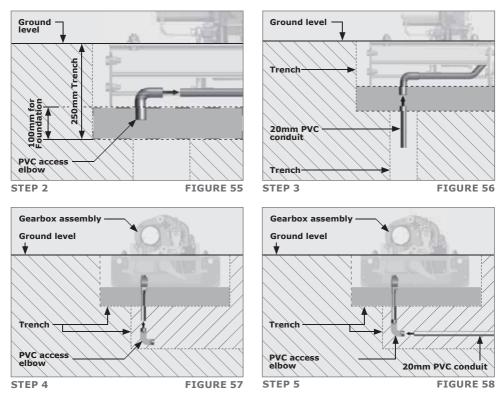
### 15.5.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

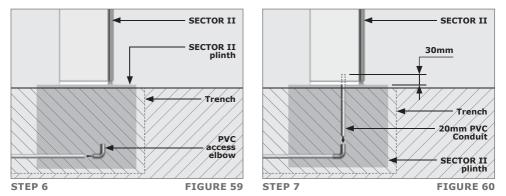
#### **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.



Drill a 20mm hole through the gutter plate using a 20mm hole saw for the proximity sensor conduit





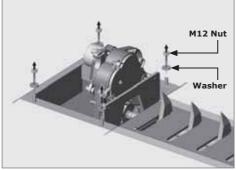
# **STEP 8**

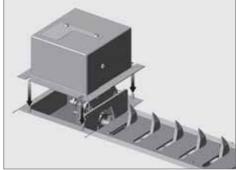
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.

# 15.5.2.2. Placing the gearbox cover into position

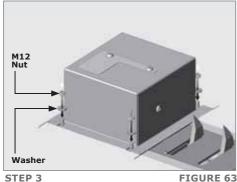




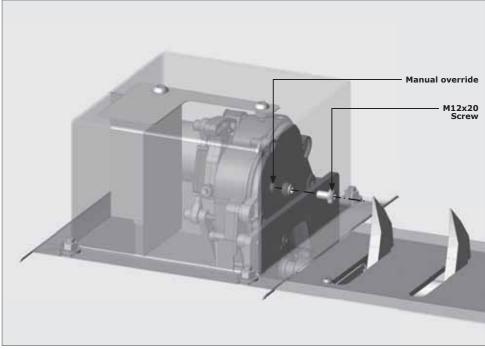
**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 61** 

STEP 2



**FIGURE 63** 

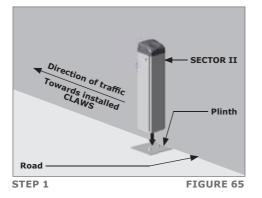


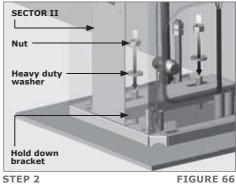
**FIGURE 64. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

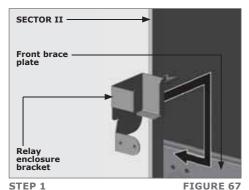
# 15.5.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position

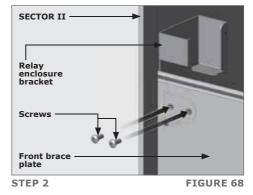




#### **SECTION 15**

#### 15.5.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket





SECTOR II

Relay
enclosure

Relay enclosure
bracket

Front brace
plate

**STEP 3** 

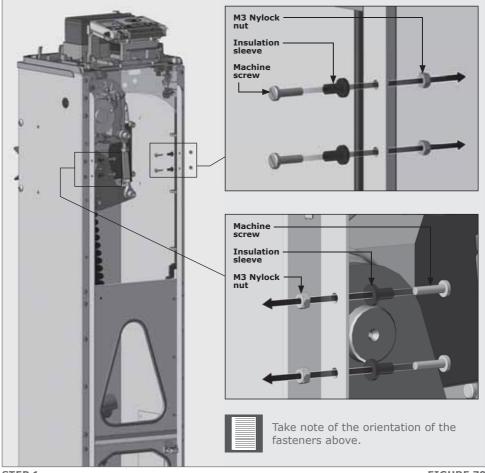
**FIGURE 69** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

# 15.5.5. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



STEP 1

#### STEP 2

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

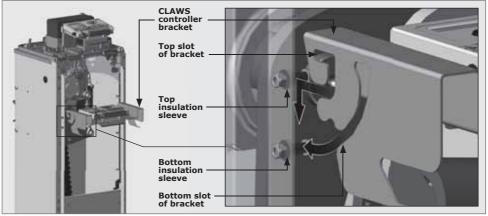
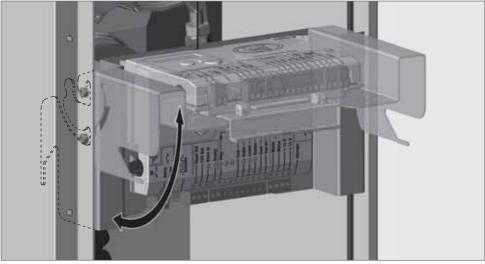


FIGURE 71



#### **FIGURE 72**



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 15, Figure 73).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 15, Figure 74).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 15, Figure 71).

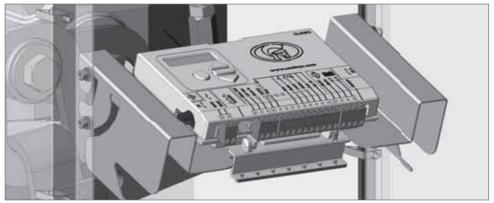


FIGURE 73. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

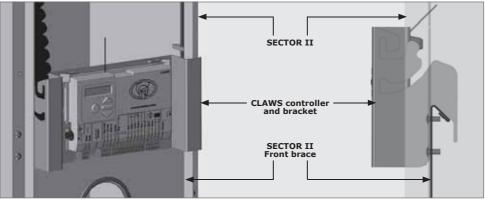


FIGURE 74. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

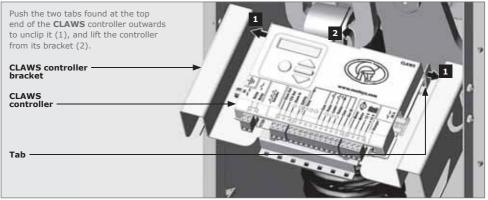


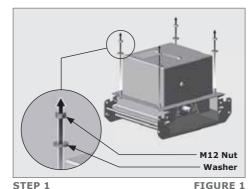
FIGURE 75. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

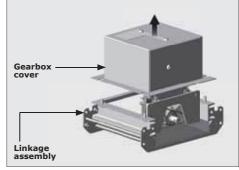
## STEP 3

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

# **16. LHS Flush Mount - Opposing Direction of Travel**

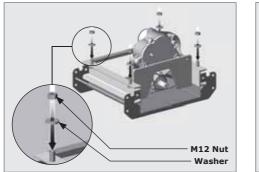
# 16.1. Preparing the Drive Linkage Assembly

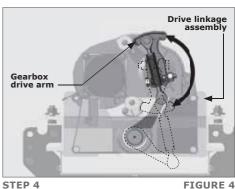




STEP 2

**FIGURE 2** 

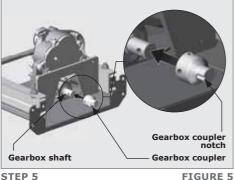


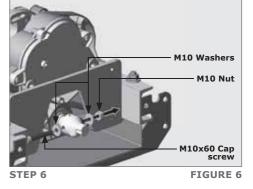


**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 3** 

**FIGURE 4** 



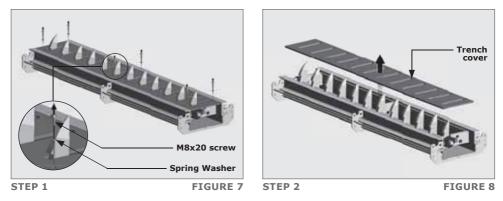


**STEP 5** 

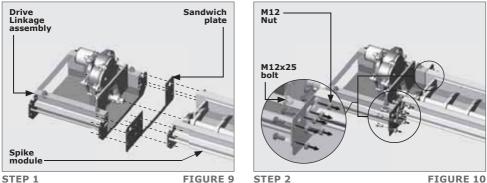
Note the orientation of the gearbox coupler notch is at the 9 o'clock position and that the gearbox drive arm is up as shown in Section 16, Figure 5.

# 16.2. Spike Module Assembly

16.2.1. Preparing the Spike Module assembly(ies) for installation



16.2.2. Attaching the drive linkage assembly to the spike module

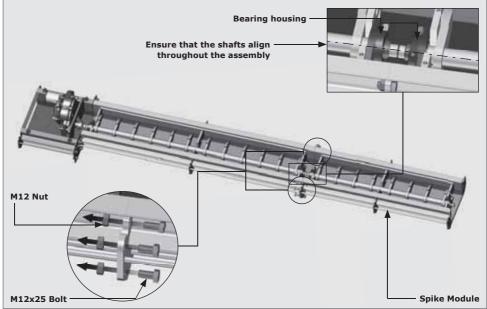




Take note of the orientation of the Sandwich Plate to the Linkage Assembly before fixing them to the spike module assembly.

#### STEP 3

Using six M12x25 bolts, fix one spike module to another (Section 16, Figure 11).



**FIGURE 11** 



To assist with the alignment and adjustment of the shafts, loosen (but do not remove) the bolts on all of the bearing housings.

# 16.2.3. Assembling the shaft couplings

The coupler is used to connect and align the shafts together.



It is essential that the coupler is assembled correctly; failing to do so will result in slipping of the spikes which is undesirable.

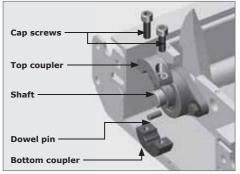
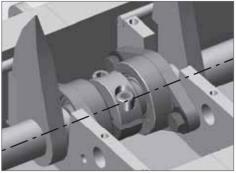


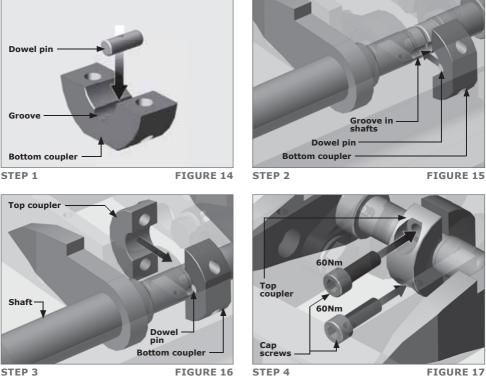
FIGURE 12. SHAFT COUPLER



**FIGURE 13** 



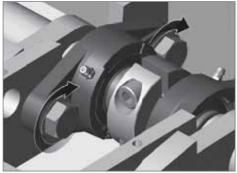
Place the spikes into the down position (and the drive arm pointing upwards) to aid in the fitment of all the shaft couplings.



#### **STEP 3**

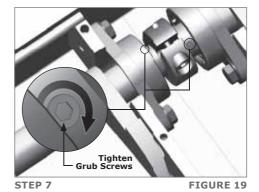
#### **STEP 5**

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.



**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 18** 



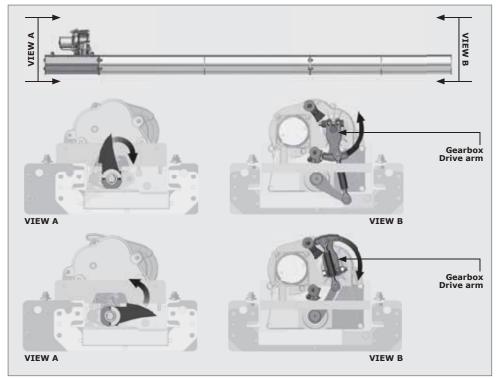
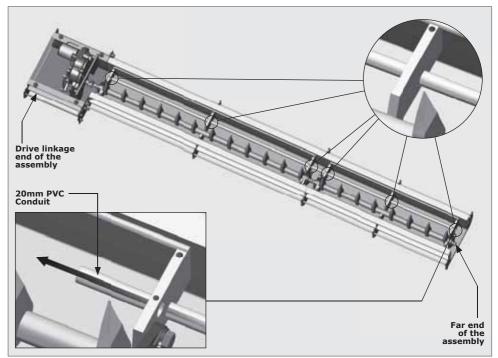


FIGURE 20. CORRECTLY ALIGNED SPIKE AND DRIVE MODULES

# STEP 7

Repeat this coupling process for additional spike modules. Once all shafts have been coupled, check that they move freely.

# 16.2.4. Proximity sensor installation

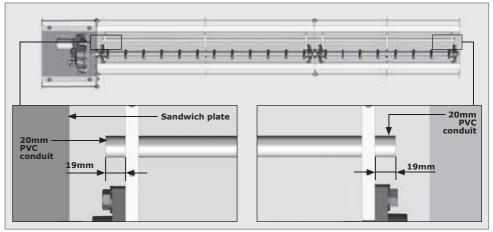


#### **STEP 1**

**FIGURE 21** 

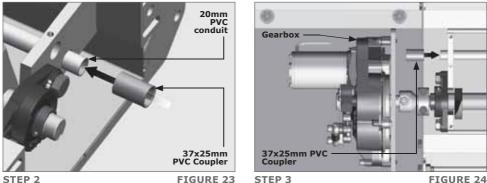


The length of the PVC conduit will be relative to the length of the spike modules combined. Ensure that a further 38mm is added to this to account for the modules and coupling (Refer to Section 16, Figure 22).



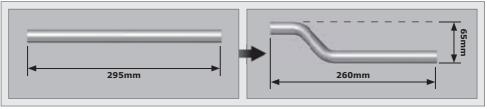


Use an appropriate PVC adhesive to bond all conduit lengths, access elbows and couplers to one another.





It is necessary to bend PVC conduit to circumvent the gearbox bulkhead to continue. The use of a conduit spring is recommended to avoid collapsing the pipe. Section 16, Figure 25 below is a guideline that can be used to achieve this.

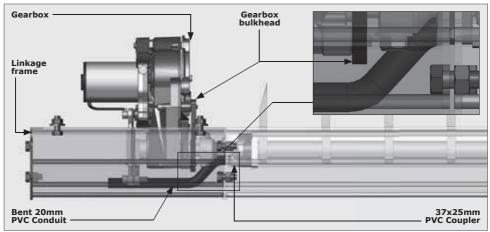


# **STEP 4**

**FIGURE 25** 

#### STEP 5

Connect the bent piece of conduit to the PVC coupler installed in Section 16, Figure 24 Step 3. After it is connected, it should resemble Section 16, Figure 26.

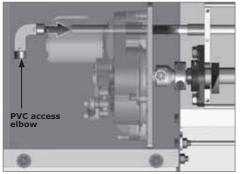


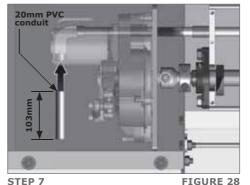
#### **SECTION 16**

LHS FLUSH MOUNT - OPPOSING DIRECTION OF TRAVEL



Steps 6-9 is only applicable if the SECTOR II will be mounted directly onto the CLAWS Gearbox. If they are going to be mounted seperately, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug (Refer to Section 16.5.2.).

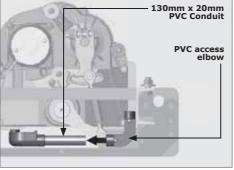


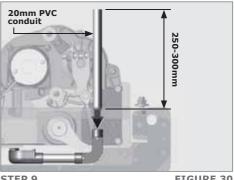


**STEP 6** 

**FIGURE 27** 







**STEP 8** 

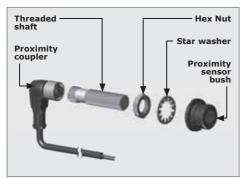
**FIGURE 29** 

**STEP 9** 

**FIGURE 30** 



Please ensure that the moving mechanical parts do not rub against the conduit or cables.



**FIGURE 31. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 

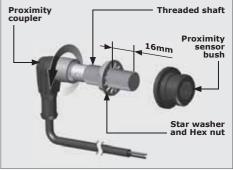
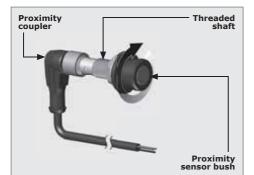
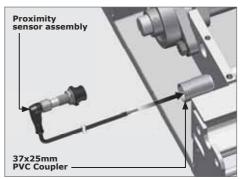


FIGURE 32. PROXIMITY SENSOR

**SECTION 16** 

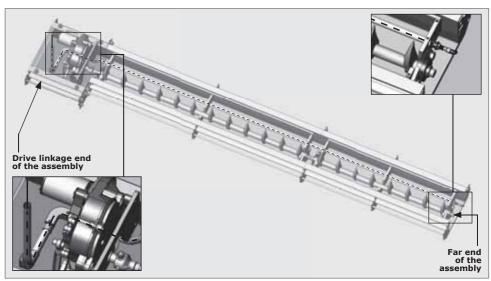


**FIGURE 33. PROXIMITY SENSOR** 



**STEP 6** 

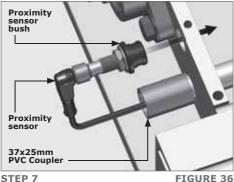
**FIGURE 34** 

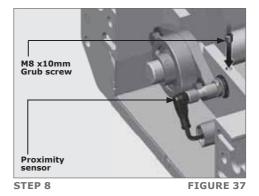






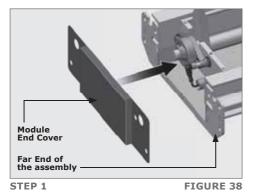
There should be ample cable left over on the drive linkage end, as the wiring will need to be routed up the SECTOR II at a later stage.

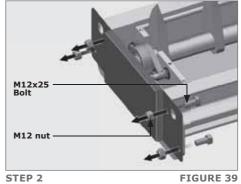




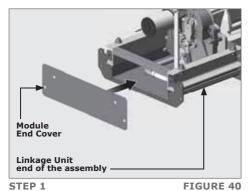
# 16.2.5. Attaching the End Covers to the Assembly

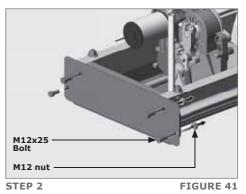
# 16.2.5.1. Attaching the Module End cover

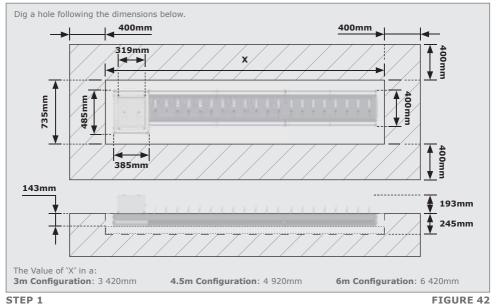




16.2.5.2. Attaching the Linkage Unit End cover





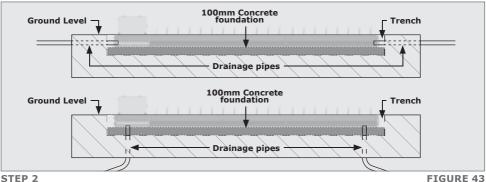


# 16.3. Preparing the Trench and Drainage System

Drainage pipes must be laid at one or both ends of the trench to allow water to flow either into storm water drains or into any other area away from the installation. Section 16, Figure 43 shows two recommended drainage configurations. Once complete, hold the drainage pipes in place by pouring a 100mm concrete foundation and level off.



If the SECTOR II and **CLAWS** are to be separated, a trench for the conduit and cables will need to be dug, and the wiring harnesses will need to be extended in relation to the distance between the gearbox and SECTOR II. This must be done before any concrete is poured (Section 16.5.2.).



#### STEP 2



Make sure the drain pipes do not interfere with the structure when it is in the trench.

## 16.3.1. Concreting the Assembly into the Trench.

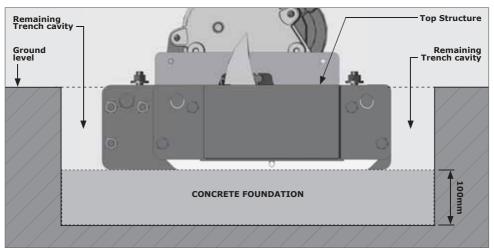


Ensure that the drain pipes will not interfere with the structure when it is placed in the trench.

Place the assembly in the trench and level the assembly using any type of propping or jacking method. Make sure that the top of the assembly is either in line with or a little higher than the ground level and pour concrete (minimum 45MPa after 28 days) into the cavity that remains.

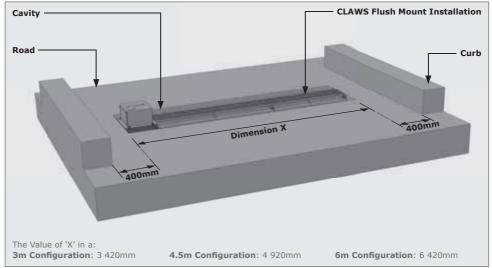


# Do not pour any concrete into the gutter of the spikes module or drive link assembly.

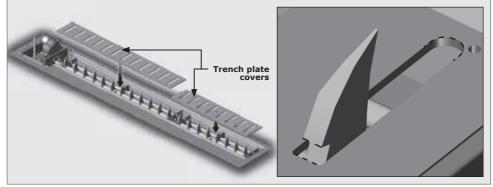


**STEP 3** 

**FIGURE 44** 



# 16.4. Re-assembling the trench plates

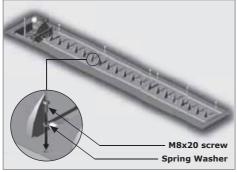


**STEP 1** 

FIGURE 46



Take note of the slot orientation in the trench cover plates before it is placed back into position. The spike must rest on the straight edge of the slot when it is in its upright position.

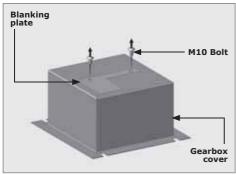


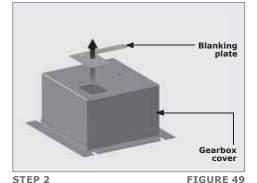
**STEP 2** 

# **16.5.** Integrating the SECTOR II with the CLAWS

16.5.1. Directly mount THE SECTOR II onto the Independent Drive

# 15.5.1.1. Placing the gearbox cover into position



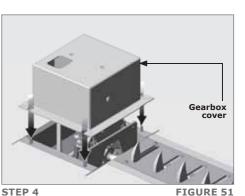


STEP 1

FIGURE 48

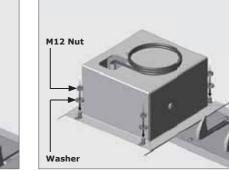
M12 Nut

Washer



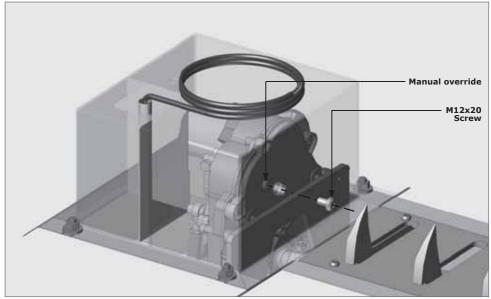
STEP 3

FIGURE 50



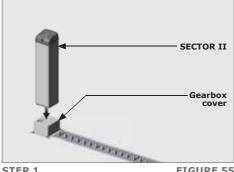
**FIGURE 52** 

STEP 6



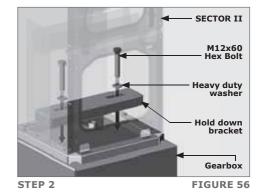
**FIGURE 54. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 

#### 16.5.1.2. Placing the SECTOR II into position



STEP 1

**FIGURE 55** 



#### 16.5.2. Seperately-placed CLAWS and SECTOR II

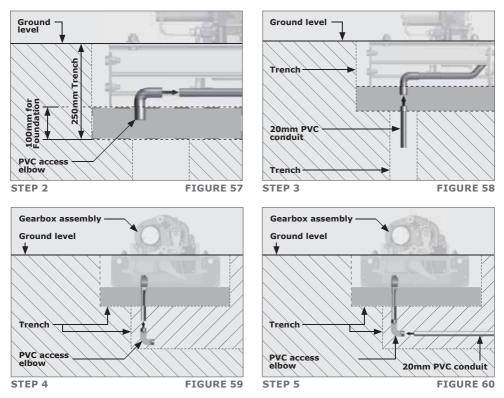
#### 16.5.2.1. Running the conduit from the gearbox to the SECTOR II

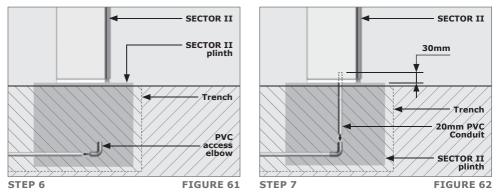
#### **STEP 1**

Dig a trench for the conduit from the gearbox to the desired position of the SECTOR II.



Drill a 20mm hole through the gutter plate using a 20mm hole saw for the proximity sensor conduit





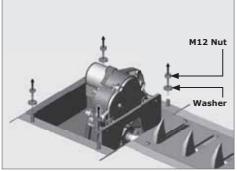
## **STEP 8**

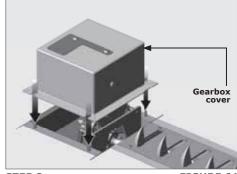
Route the **CLAWS** and Proximity sensor cables in the conduit to the SECTOR II.

#### **STEP 9**

Cast a plinth for the SECTOR II according to the SECTOR II installation manual.

#### 16.5.2.2. Placing the gearbox cover into position



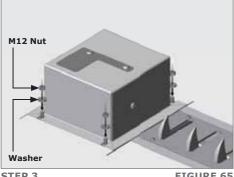


**STEP 1** 

**FIGURE 63** 

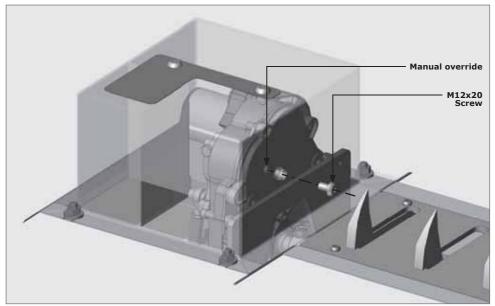
**STEP 2** 

**FIGURE 64** 





**FIGURE 65** 

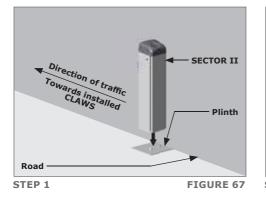


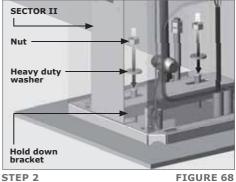
**FIGURE 66. MANUAL OVERRIDE** 



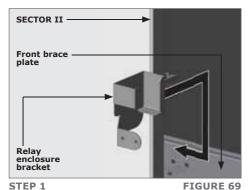
By removing the M12x20 screw and placing an allen key through the hole, the gearbox release screw can be loosened.

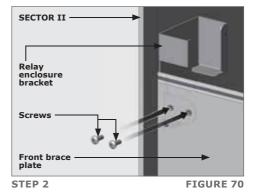
#### 16.5.2.3. Placing the SECTOR II into position





#### 16.5.3. Fitting the relay enclosure and its bracket





SECTOR II

Relay
enclosure

Relay enclosure
bracket

Front brace
plate

**STEP 3** 

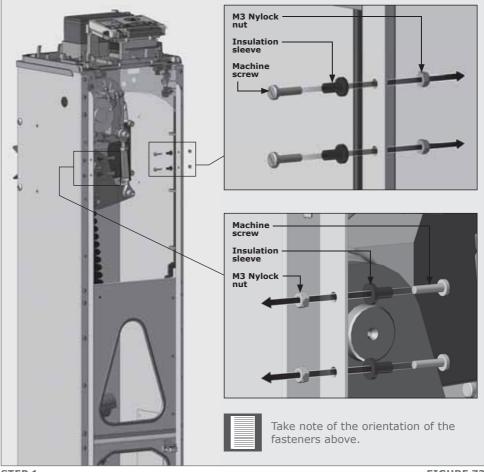
**FIGURE 71** 



Route the excess wire from the proximity sensor, and wire it to the relay by referring to the wiring diagram (Section 17).

Complete the installation of the SECTOR II as per its full installation manual.

#### 16.5.4. Fitting the CLAWS controller to the SECTOR II



STEP 1

FIGURE 72

#### STEP 2

Keeping the **CLAWS** Controller bracket horizontal, slide the top insulation sleeves into the top slot of the bracket. Ensure that the bottom insulation sleeves line up with the bottom slot of the bracket to follow the slot as the bracket drops to its resting place.

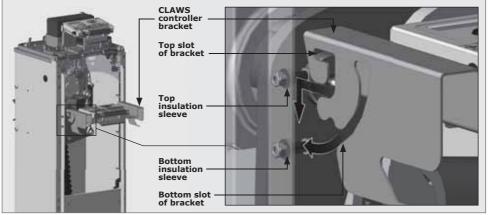
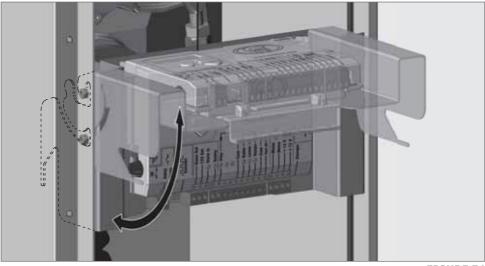


FIGURE 73



**FIGURE 74** 



The bracket can be moved into a set angle of 70° by pivoting it upward from the bottom for better viewing of the LCD screen (Section 16, Figure 75).

It can also be moved lower down for optimum space when working on the gearbox (Section 16, Figure 76).



Ensure that the bracket is placed in the standard vertical position when done to enable the SECTOR II access door to be closed (Section 16, Figure 73).

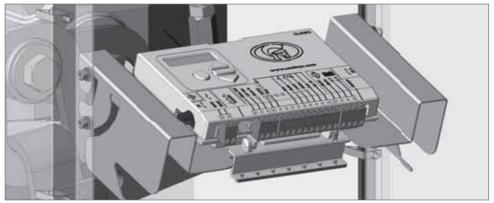


FIGURE 75. CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET AT FIXED 70° POSITION

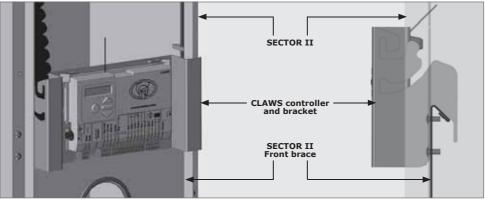


FIGURE 76. TEMPORARY CLAWS CONTROLLER AND BRACKET POSITION

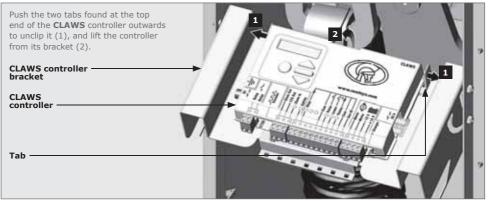


FIGURE 77. UNCLIPPING THE CLAWS CONTROLLER FROM ITS BRACKET

#### STEP 3

Connect harness and power supply. Refer to the wiring diagrams and controller settings.

# **17. Wiring Diagram**

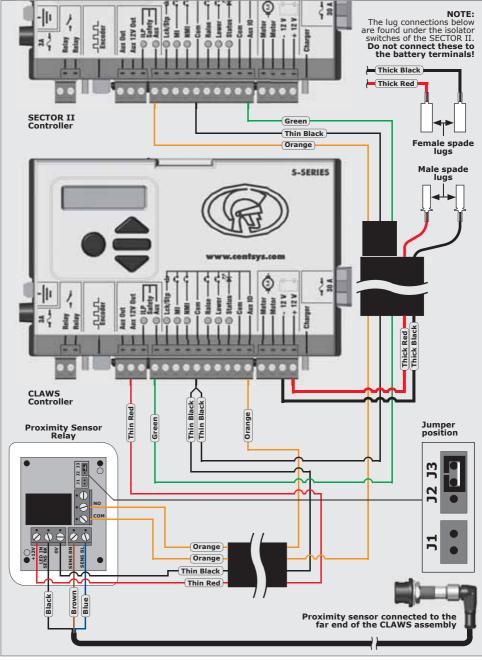


FIGURE 78. CONNECTING THE TWO CONTROLLERS

# **18. SECTOR II & CLAWS Controller Settings**

### **18.1. SECTOR II Controller settings**

4. Modes of Operation
4.1. Operating mode (Set to any mode applicable, *Simplex (SMX)*, *Complex (CMX)* or *PLC (PLC)*)

### 11. Spikes Mode

11.1. Spike interface

(Set to any mode applicable, Safe (SAF), or Secure (SEC))

TABLE 1

### **18.2. CLAWS Controller settings**



RP

4. Modes of Operation

4.1. Operating mode

(Set to *Spike Mode (SPK)*)

TABLE 2

# **19. Installation Handover**

Once the installation has been successfully completed and tested, it is important to explain the operation and safety requirements of the system to the end-user.

# NEVER ASSUME THE USER KNOWS HOW TO SAFELY OPERATE AUTOMATED ROADWAY SPIKES!

Even if the user has used such a system before, it does not mean he knows how to SAFELY operate it. Make sure that the user fully understands the following safety requirements before finally handing over the site.

The following needs to be understood by the user:

- How to operate the manual override mechanism (Show them how by demonstration)
- How co-installed safety loops and all other safety features work (Show them how by demonstration)
- All the features and benefits of the spikes
- All the safety considerations associated with operating automated roadway spikes.

The user should be able to pass this knowledge on to all other users of the automated system and must be made aware of this responsibility

- Do not activate the **CLAWS** unless you can see it and can determine that its area of travel is clear of people, pets, or other obstructions
- NO ONE MAY PASS OVER RAISING SPIKES. Always keep people and objects away from the spikes
- NEVER LET CHILDREN OPERATE OR PLAY WITH THE SPIKE CONTROLS, and do not allow children or pets near the spike area
- Be careful with moving parts and avoid close proximity to areas where fingers or hands could be pinched
- Secure all easily-accessed spike controls in order to prevent its unauthorised use
- Keep the automated spikes system properly maintained, and ensure that all working areas are free of objects that could affect its operation and safety
- On a monthly basis, check the obstruction detection system and safety devices for correct operation
- All repair and service work to this product must be done by a suitably qualified person



• This product was designed and built strictly for the use indicated in this documentation. Any other use, not expressly indicated here, could compromise the good condition/operation of the product and/or be a source of danger!

Neither Centurion Systems (Pty) Ltd, nor its subsidiaries, accepts any liability caused by improper use of the product, or for use other than that for which the automated system was intended.

Ensure that the customer is in possession of the user guide and that you have completed the installation details in the back of the manual.



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